

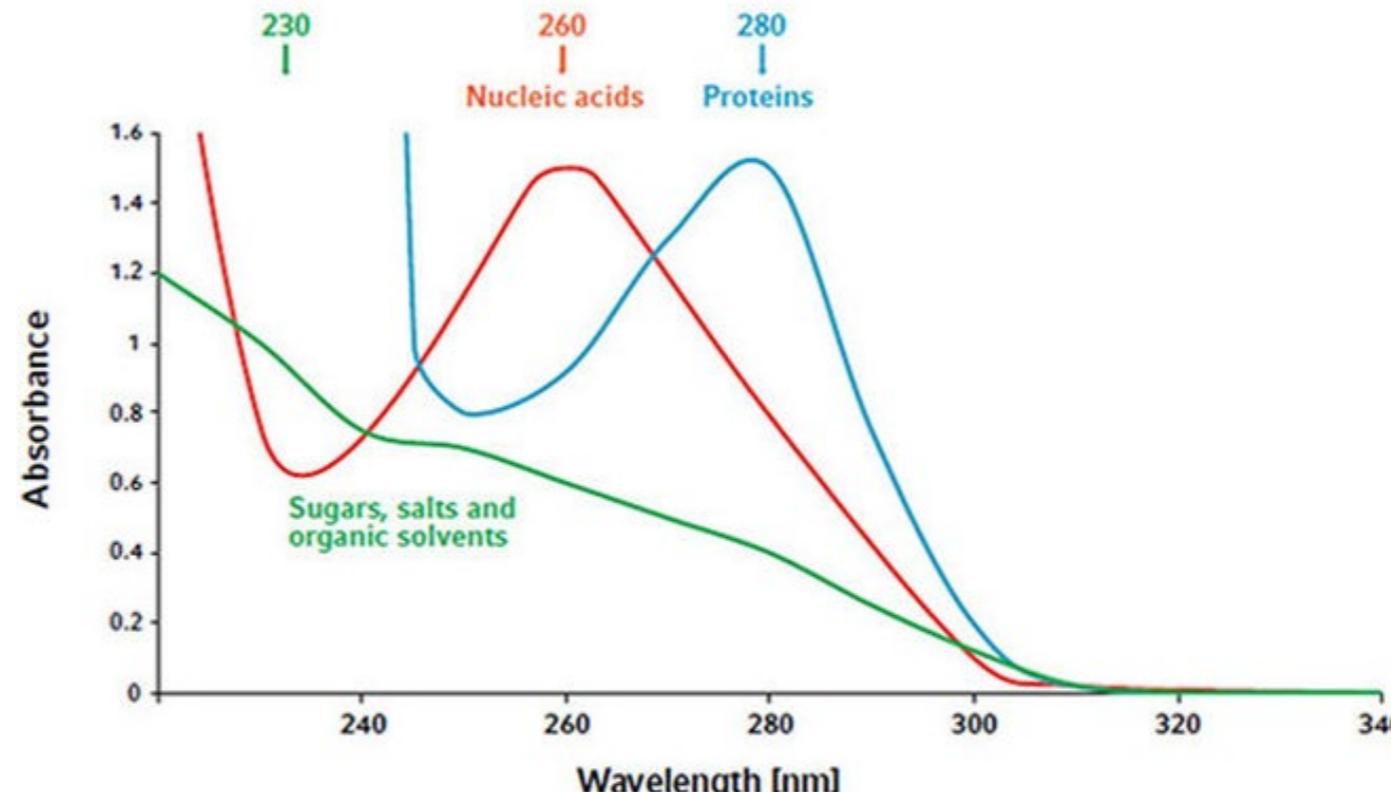
全光譜分析儀Multiskan GO 的技術原理 及其在生命科學研究的應用

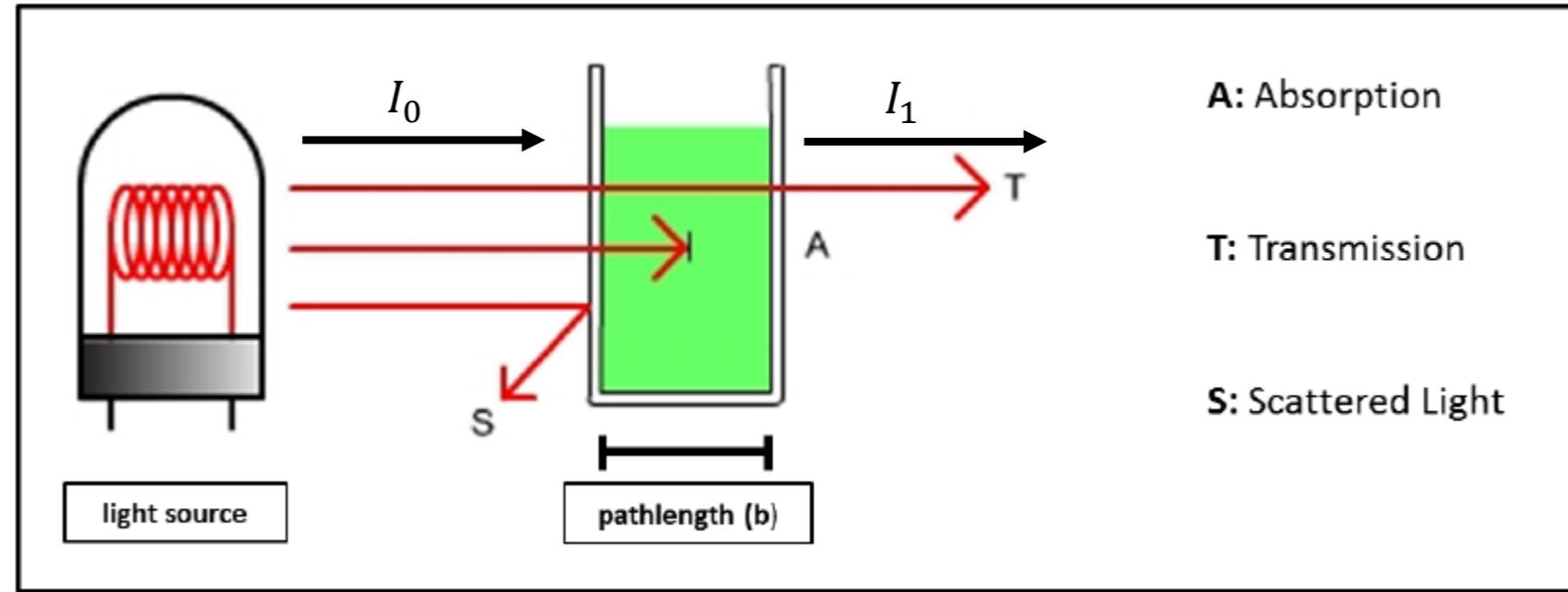
Product Specialist – Anthony Mui

- Absorbance
- Application
- Introduction of Multiskan GO
- Operation

Why measure absorbance ?

In biology and chemistry, the principle of absorbance is used to **quantify absorbing molecules in solution.**





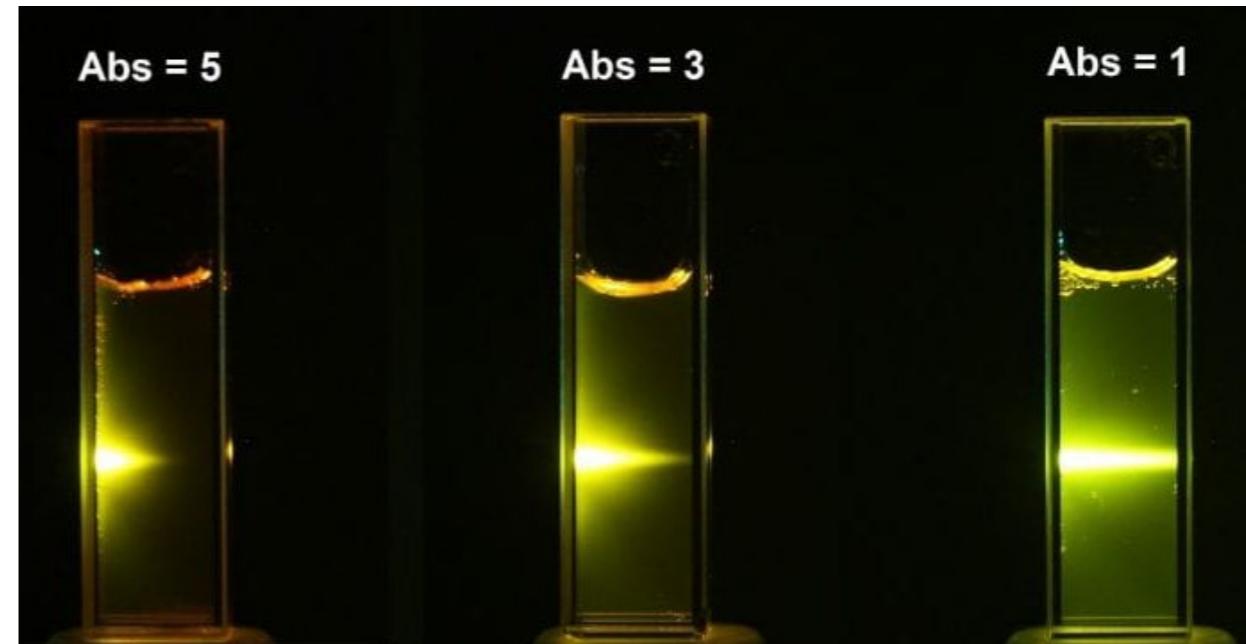
$$\text{Transmittance}[T] = \frac{I_1}{I_0}$$

$$\text{Absorbance}[A] = -\log_{10} \left[\frac{I_0}{I_1} \right] = -\log_{10} \left[\frac{1}{T} \right]$$

Absorbance[A][O.D.]	Transmittance[T%]
0	100%
1	10%
2	1%
3	0.1%
4	0.01%
5	0.001%

That means a sample with:

- › 1 O.D. allows 10% of light to be transmitted through the sample
- › 2 O.D. allows 1% of light to be transmitted through the sample
- › 3 O.D. allows 0.1% of light to be transmitted through the sample
- › 4 O.D. allows 0.01% of light to be transmitted through the sample



<https://www.edinst.com/blog/the-beer-lambert-law/>

Figure : Attenuation of a 510 nm laser through three solutions of Rhodamine 6G with different absorbance values at 510 nm. The yellow glow is the fluorescence emission at ~560 nm

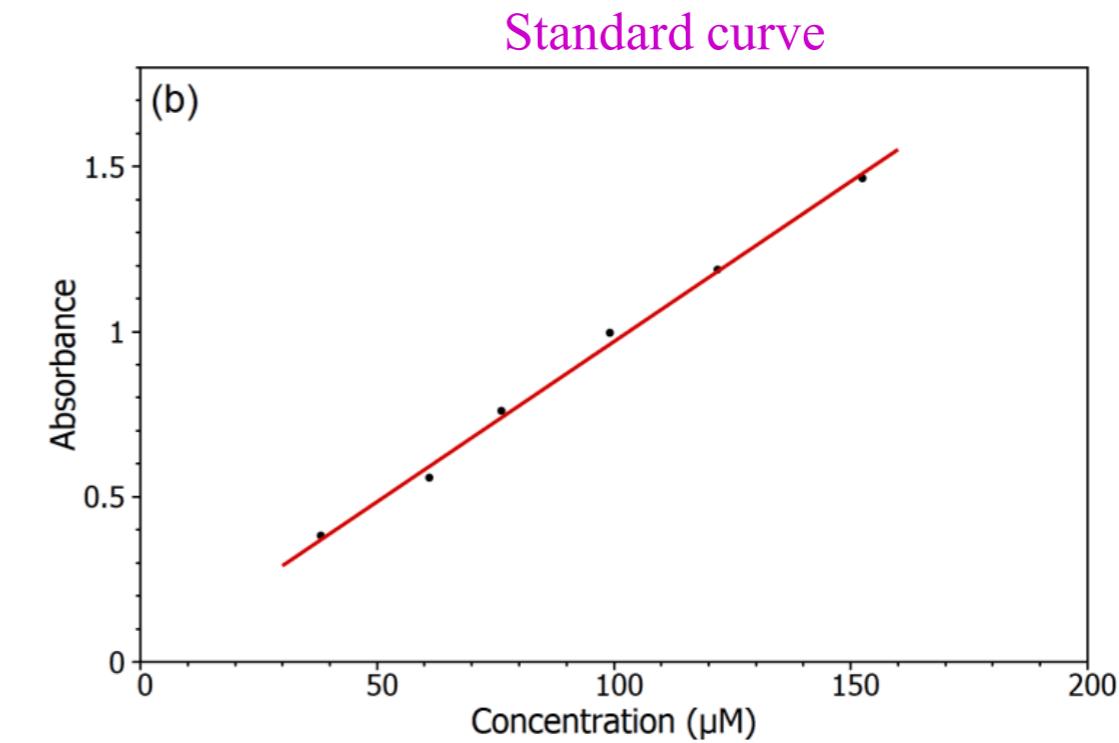
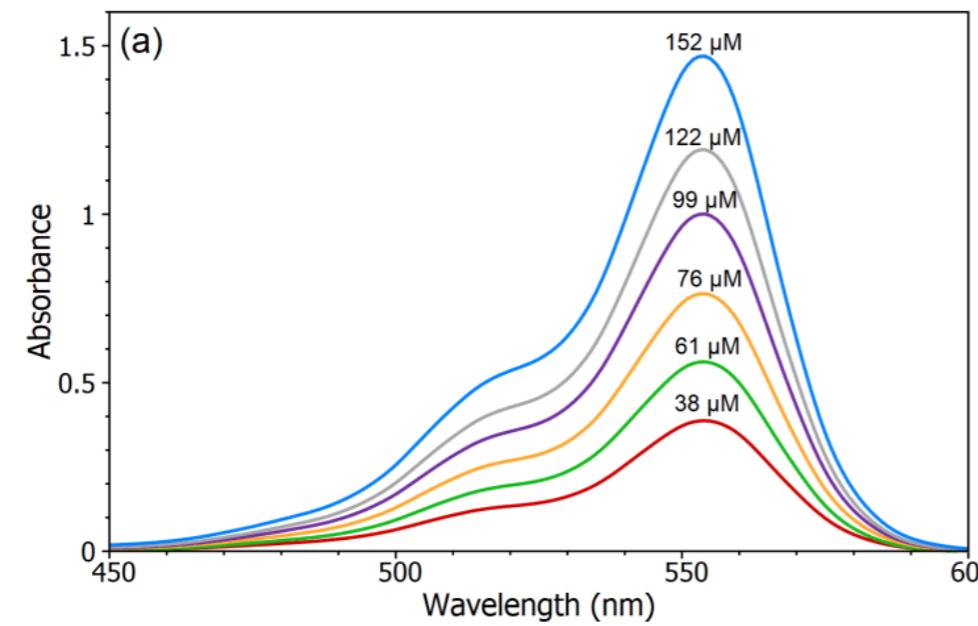
The Beer's law

$$A = \varepsilon cl$$

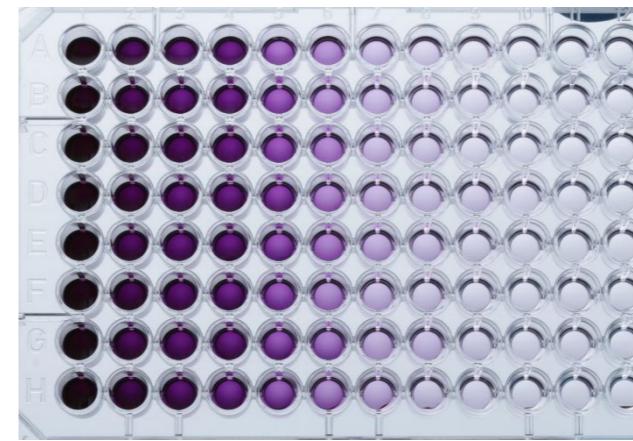
A
 ε
c
l

Absorbance
Molar absorption coefficient
Molar concentration
optical path length

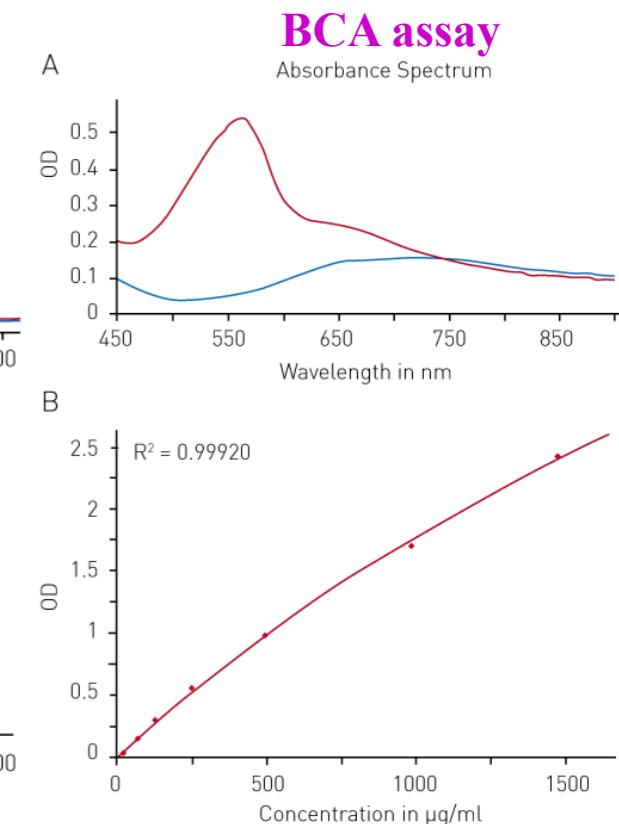
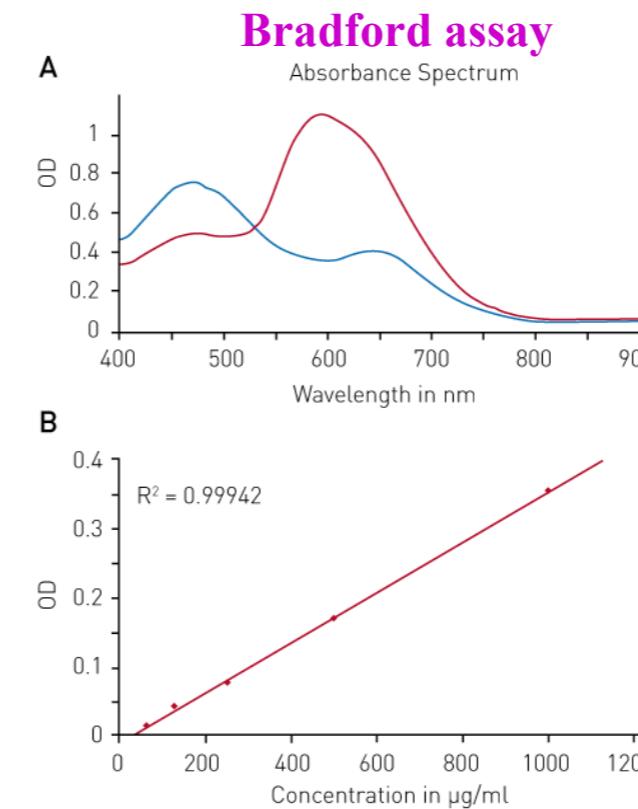
$M^{-1}cm^{-1}$
M
cm



- ELISA
- Cell viability(MTT)
- BCA/Brafford
- DNA/Protein (260 nm / 280 nm)
- Microbial growth (OD 600 nm)



Cell viability(MTT Assay)



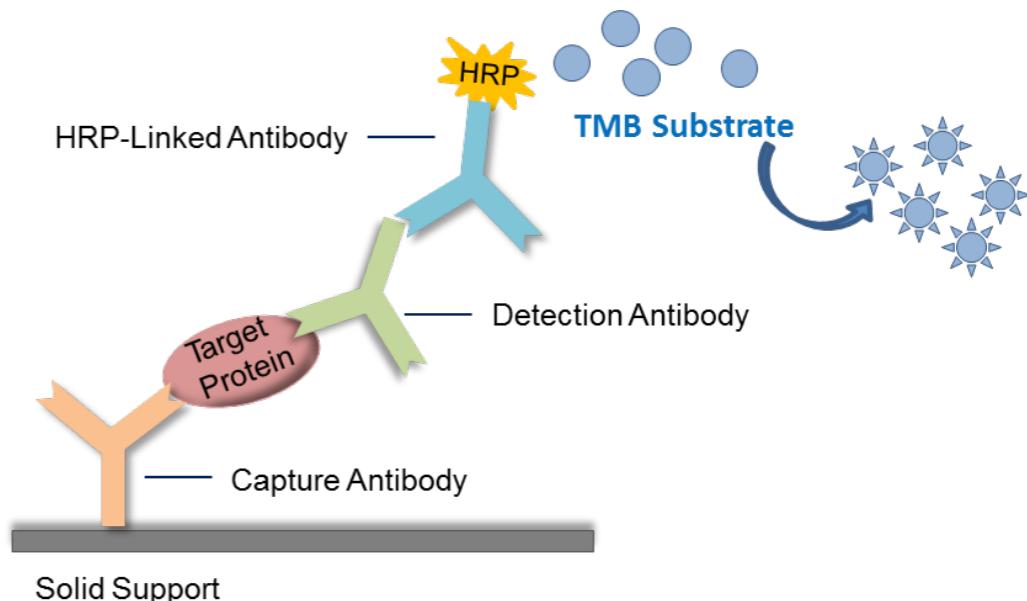
Application



ELISA

To detect specific protein by antibody

Usually measure **450 or 405 nm**



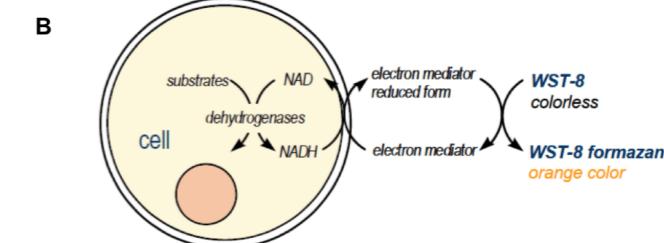
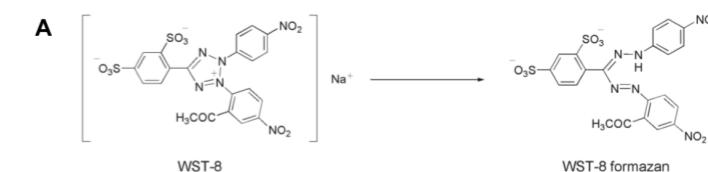
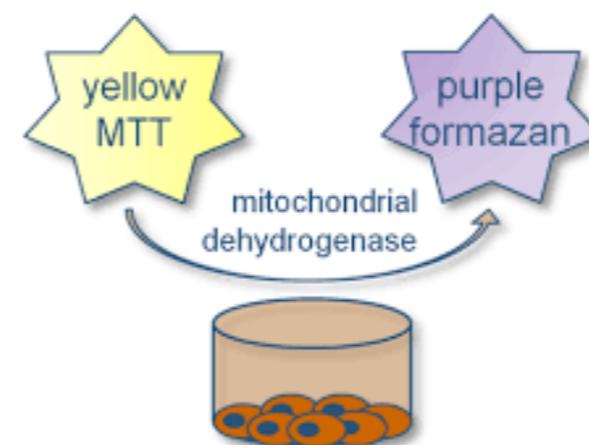
Cell viability CCK-8 AND MTT

To check the vial cell number by specific reagent

Usually measure 450 and 570 nm

MTT = 570nm

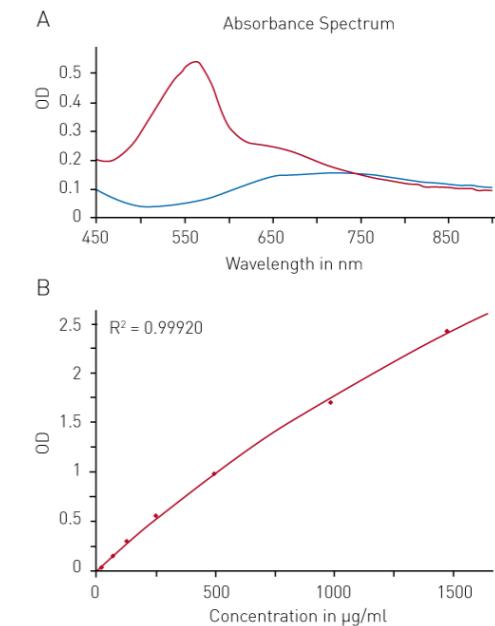
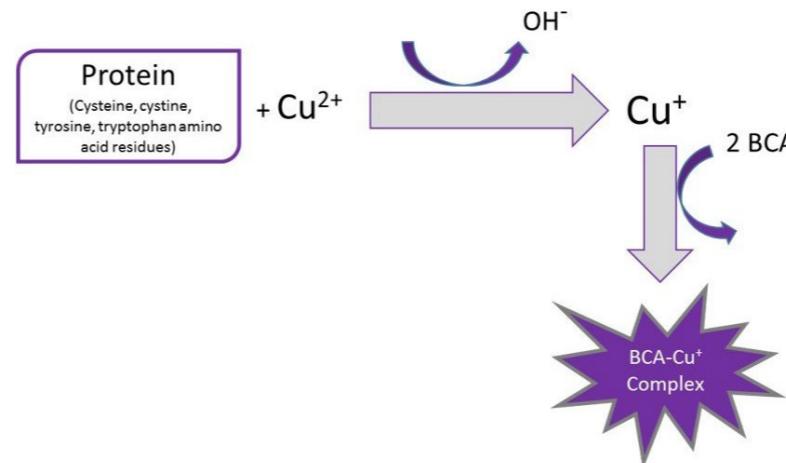
CCK-8 = 450nm



BCA

To quantify protein in unknown sample

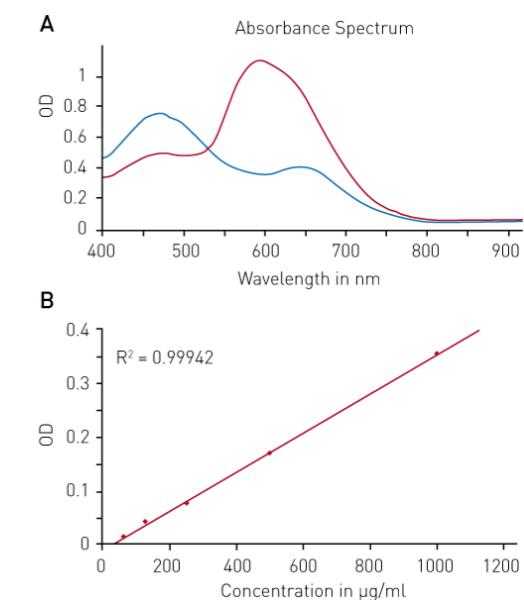
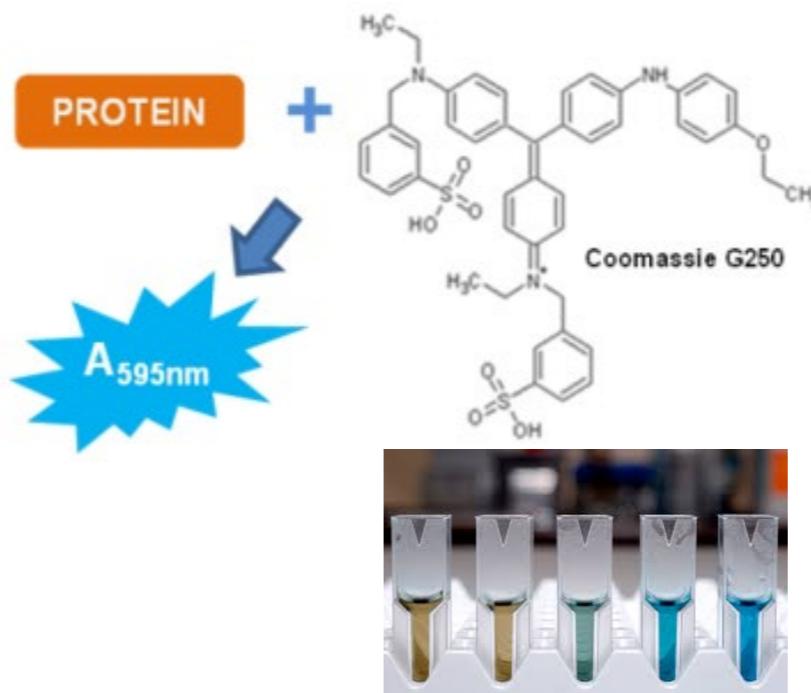
Usually measure **562 nm**



Brafford

To quantify protein in unknown sample

Usually measure 595 nm



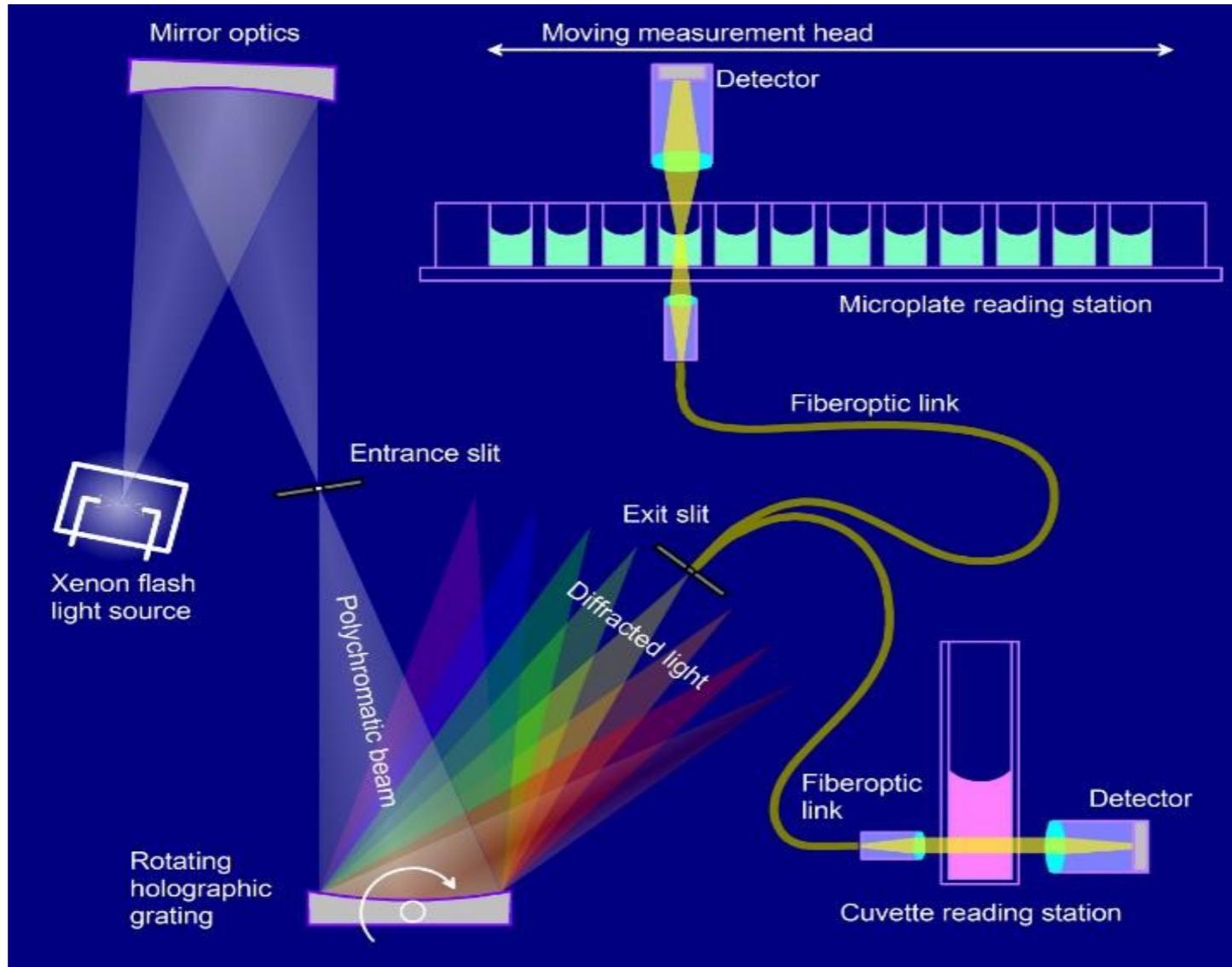
Multiskan GO

Wavelength	200 -1000 nm
Reads	96- and 384-well plates
Shaker	V
Incubation	up to +45°C
Reading speed	96-well plate in ~ 6 seconds
Spectrum	~10 seconds



Introduction of Multiskan GO

Monochromator based system with adjustable wavelength

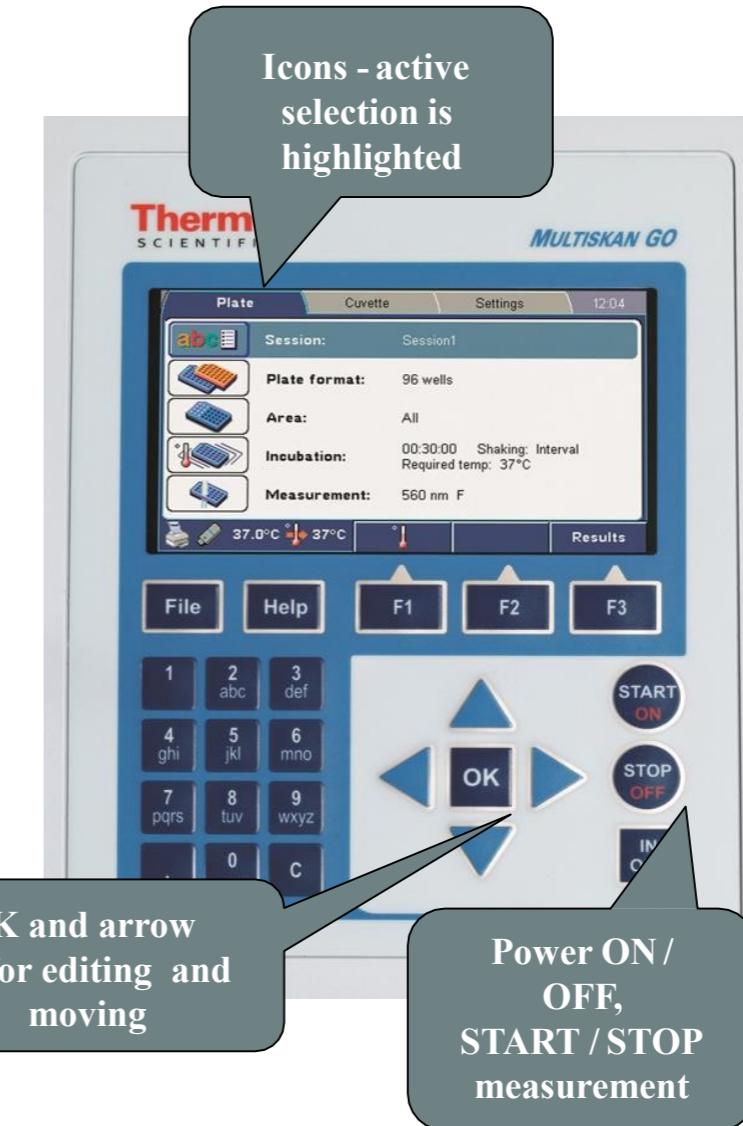


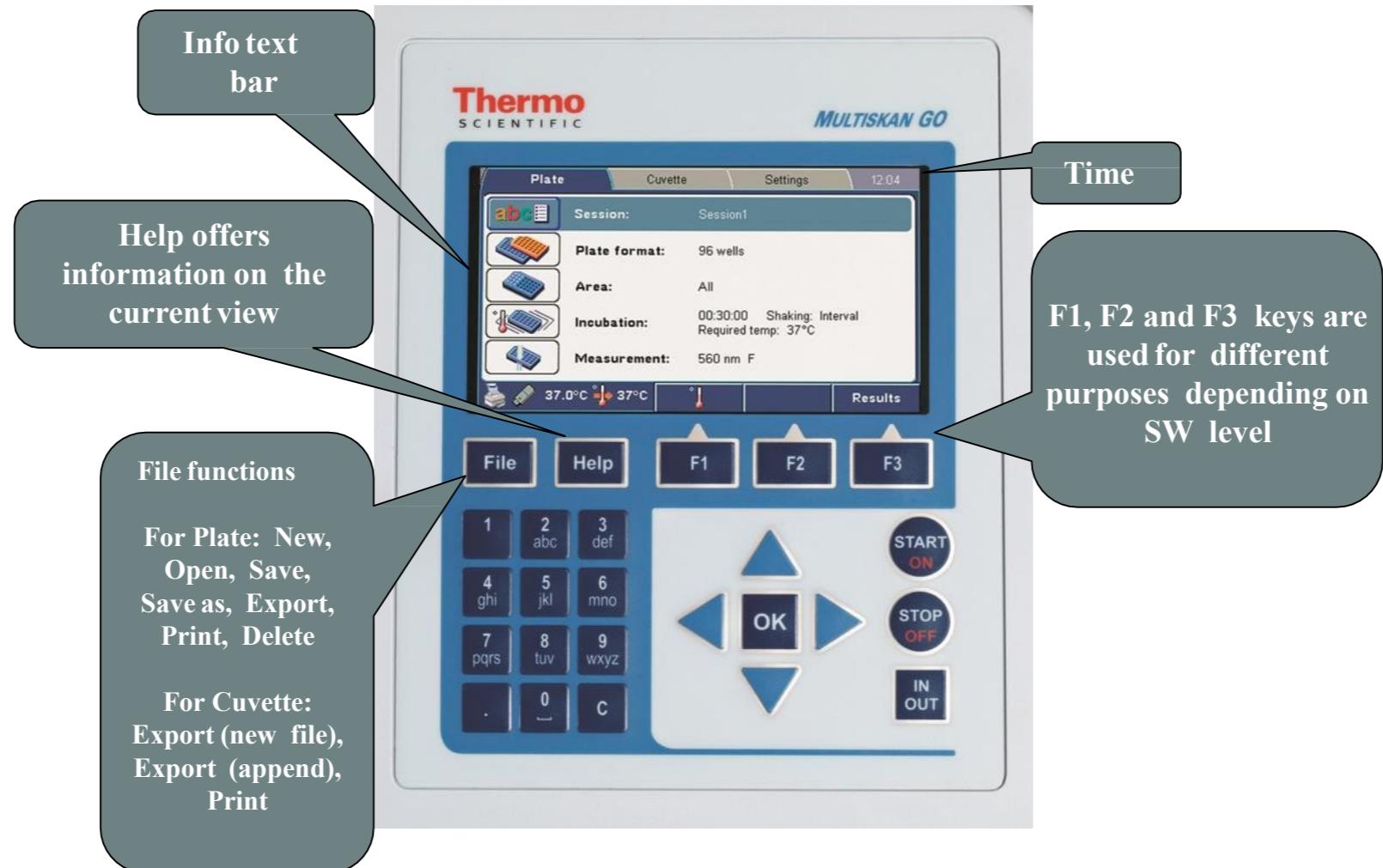
- User Interface tabs

- Plate:**
defines protocol for the plate measurement

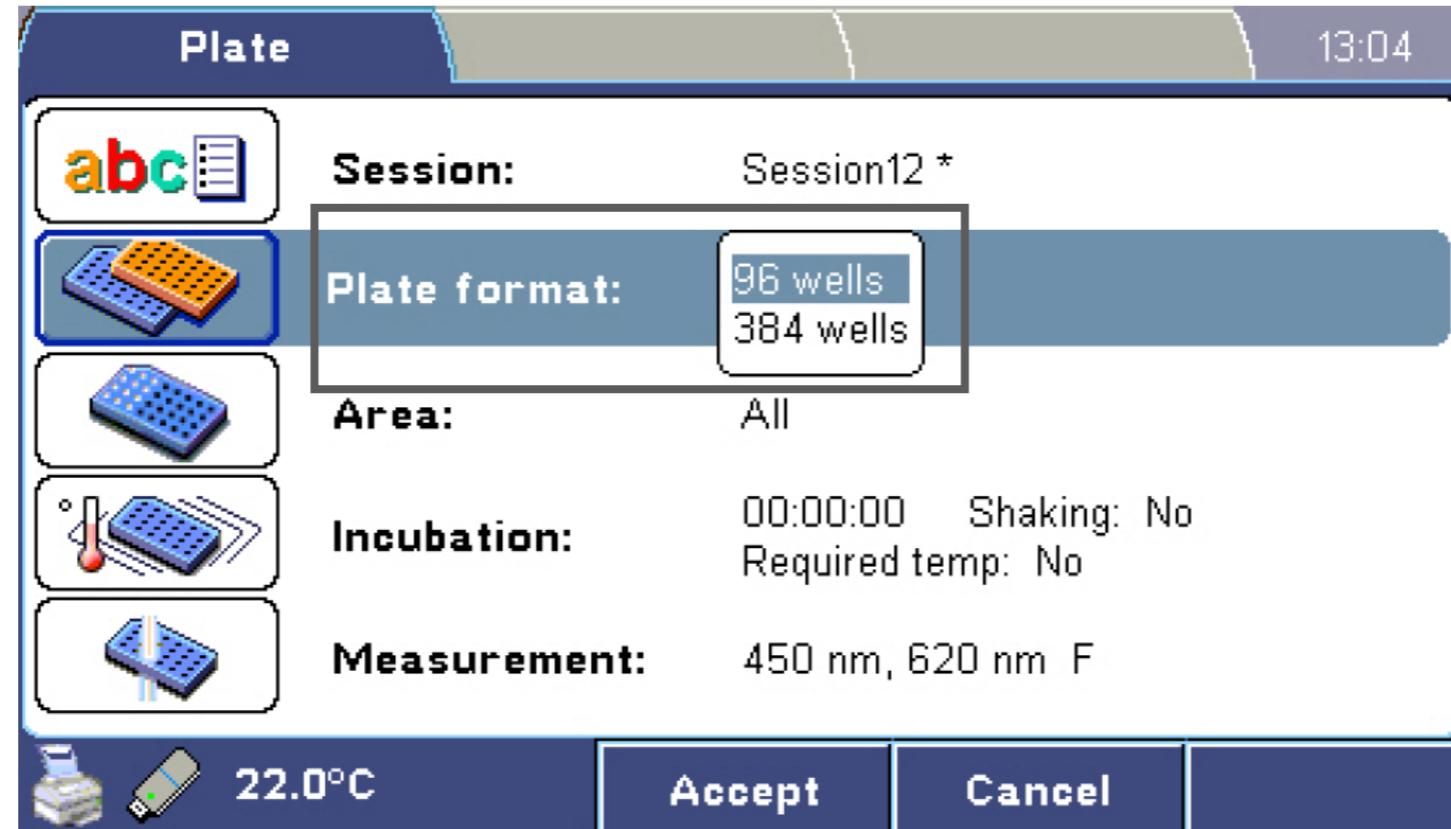
- Settings:**
contains universal instrument configuration settings

- Configuration, Date&Time, Print header, Status report



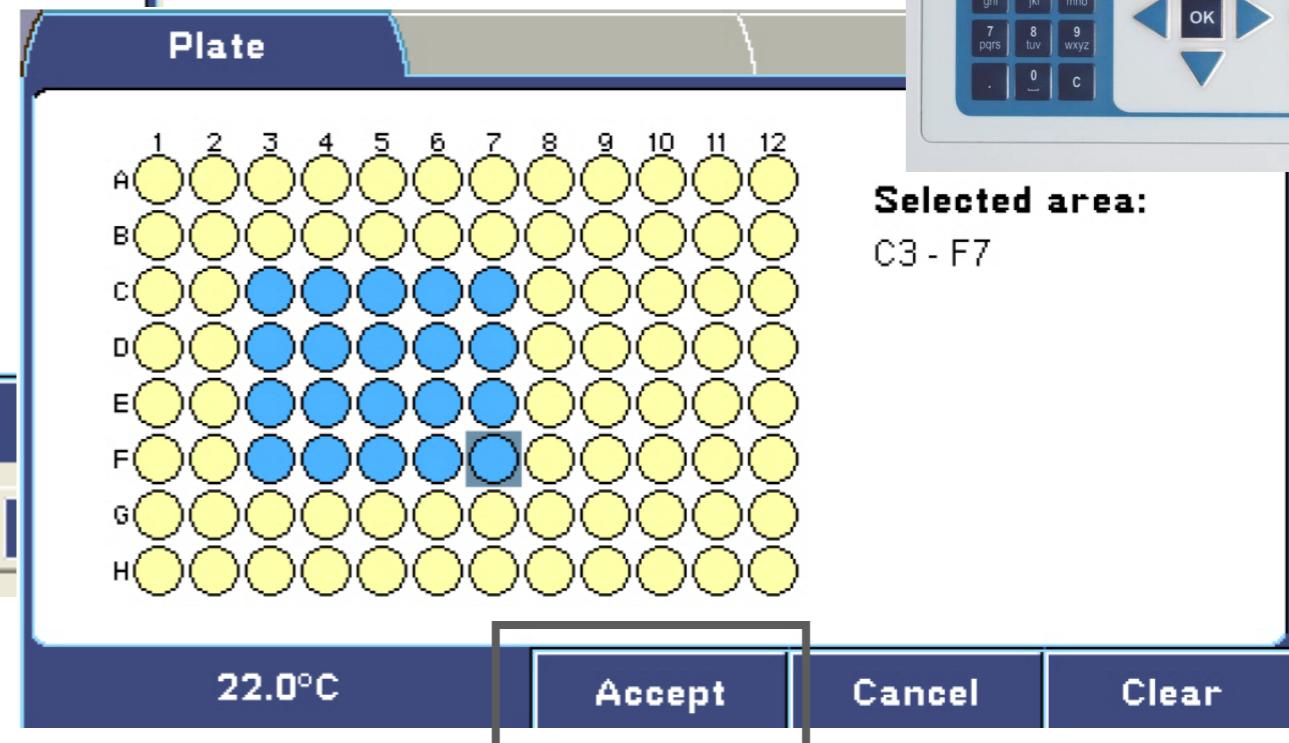
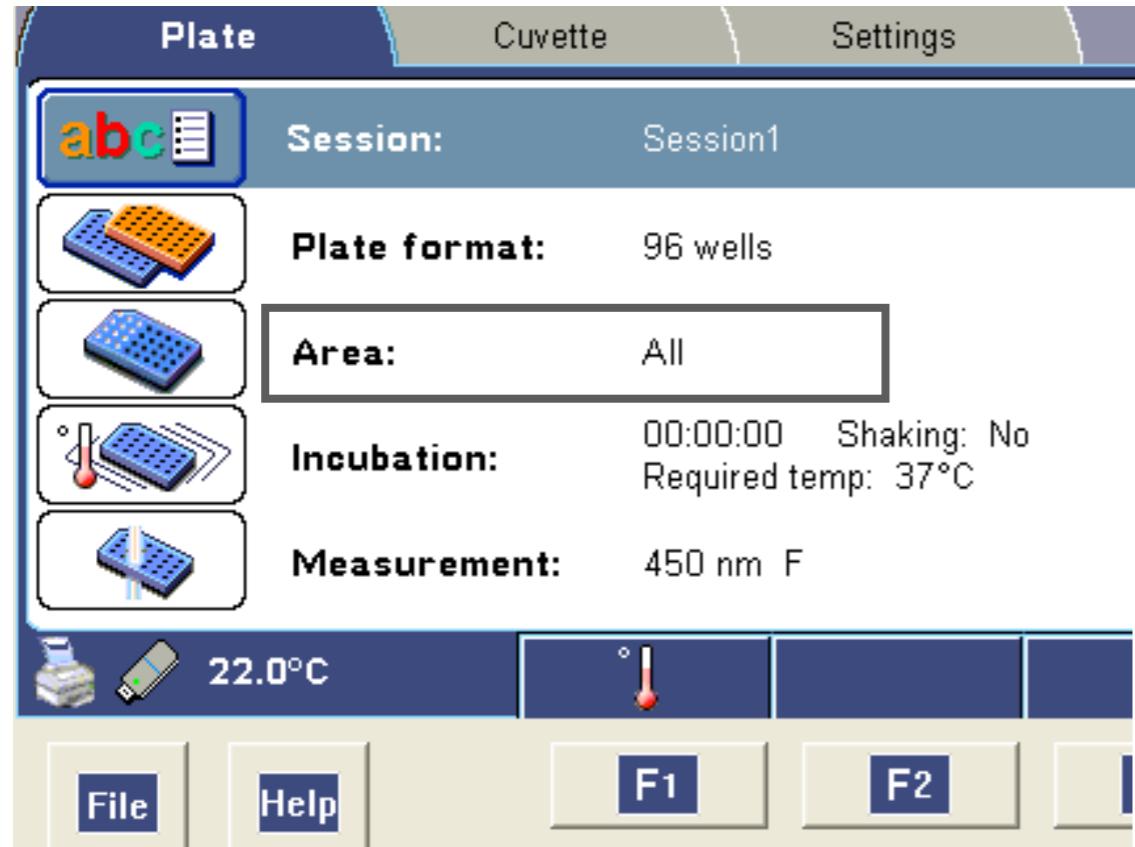


- Selecting “Plate format”

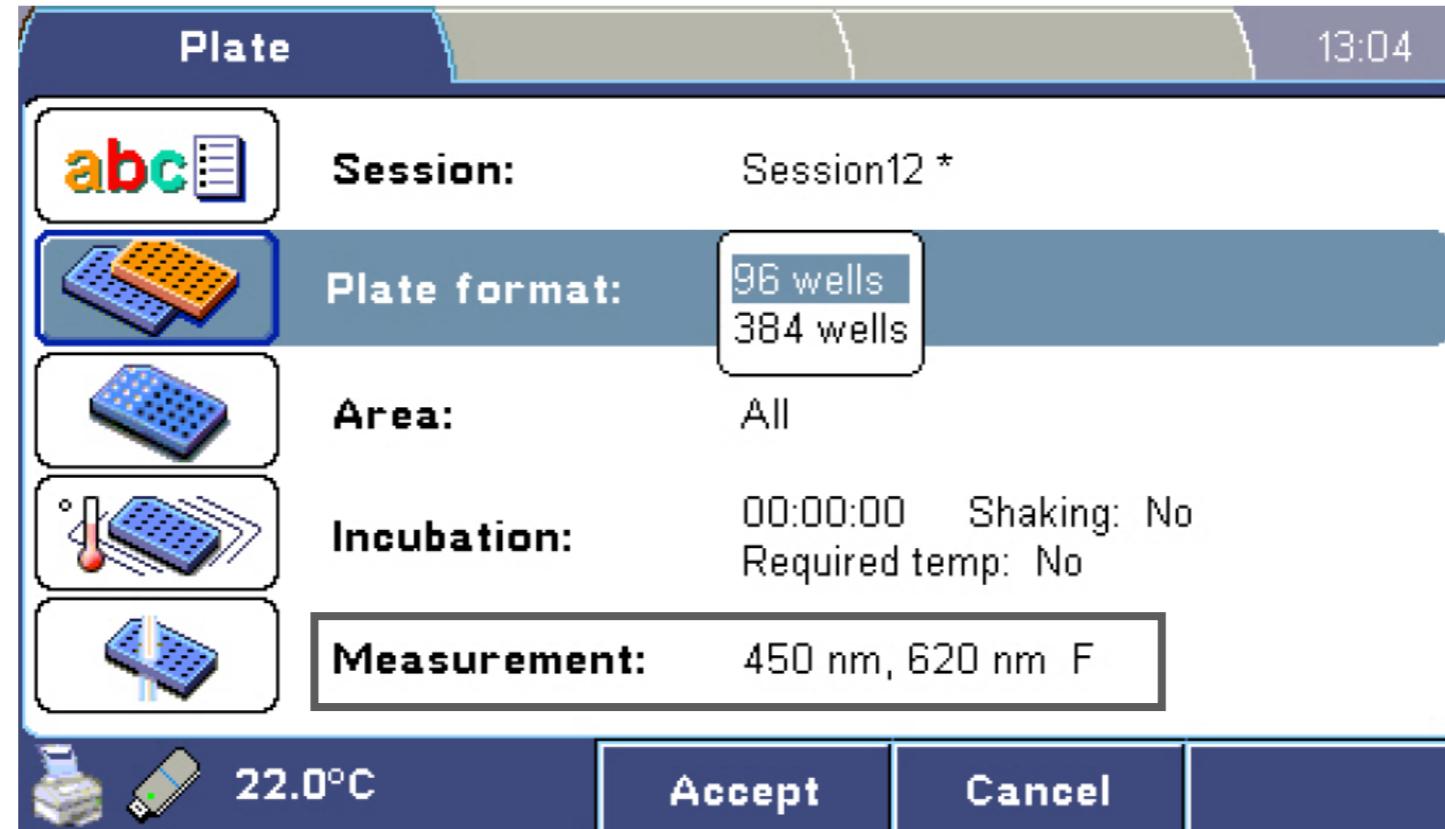


Operation-Plate measurement

■ Selecting “Area”

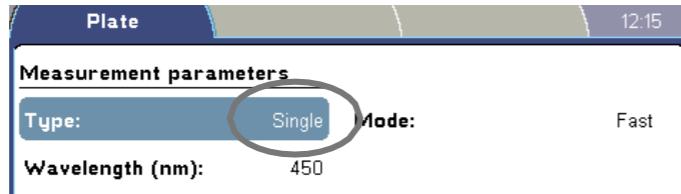


■ Setting “Measurement”



Measurement types

Single



Use the arrow keys to scroll the view

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	0.014	0.112	0.276	0.089	0.295	0.316	0.126	-0.051	0.092	0.429	0.031	-0.018
B	0.167	0.022	0.082	0.629	-0.037	-0.018	1.867	0.099	-0.053	1.278	0.415	0.422
C	1.008	0.051	0.318	0.625	0.273	0.567	0.188	0.563	-0.043	0.050	1.020	0.841
D	0.370	-0.007	0.272	-0.007	0.214	0.507	0.780	0.157	1.099	0.056	0.344	0.438
E	0.175	0.076	0.559	0.416	0.360	0.321	0.077	0.911	0.105	0.346	0.024	0.234
F	-0.027	0.425	0.757	0.968	0.481	0.347	1.533	-0.003	0.453	0.015	0.744	0.012
G	0.247	0.133	0.591	0.324	0.163	0.109	0.860	0.289	0.799	0.034	0.111	0.226
	418	0.241	0.224	1.021	0.075	1.488	0.200	0.422	0.135	0.017	0.642	

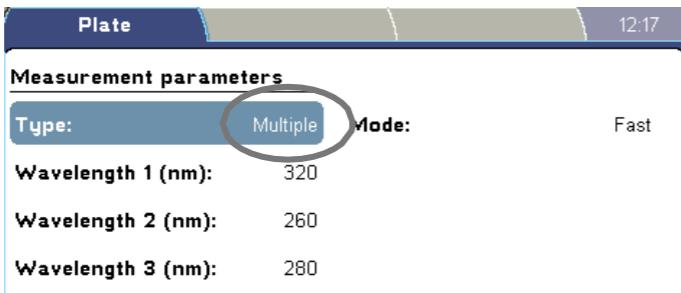
Result for each wavelength

320 nm, 260 nm, 280 nm

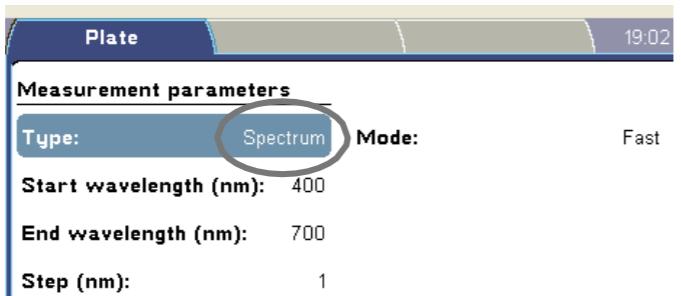
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
H	0.329	0.310	0.474	1.105	0.040	0.241	-0.001	1.080	0.079	1.883	0.880	0.409
	0.520	0.355	0.432	0.840	0.050	0.537	1.311	-0.040	0.439	0.428	0.662	0.465
	0.058	0.187	0.126	0.701	1.037	0.531	-0.009	0.468	-0.021	0.134	1.533	0.094
B	0.314	0.044	0.012	0.211	0.179	0.148	0.072	-0.002	0.812	0.169	0.306	0.142
	0.215	0.239	0.045	0.049	0.234	0.041	0.241	-0.003	0.085	0.250	0.303	0.449
	0.217	0.409	0.506	0.448	0.153	0.062	0.504	0.395	0.225	0.039	0.260	0.278
C	0.380	0.992	0.061	0.423	-0.012	0.162	1.352	0.618	0.094	0.304	0.817	0.538
	0.190	0.046	-0.017	0.414	0.163	1.436	0.598	0.381	-0.042	0.001	0.035	0.008
	0.210	-0.005	0.054	0.194	0.161	0.139	0.253	0.523	1.876			
D	1.072	0.333	0.567	0.732	2.052	1.474	0.228	0.328	-0.03			
	0.168	0.555	0.233	0.208	0.571	0.022	0.440	0.760	0.008			
	0.798	0.488	-0.048	0.294	-0.049	0.794	0.150	0.730	0.600			

Up to five largest peak values

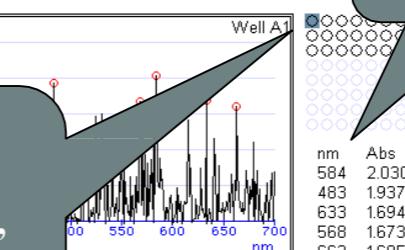
Multiple



Spectrum



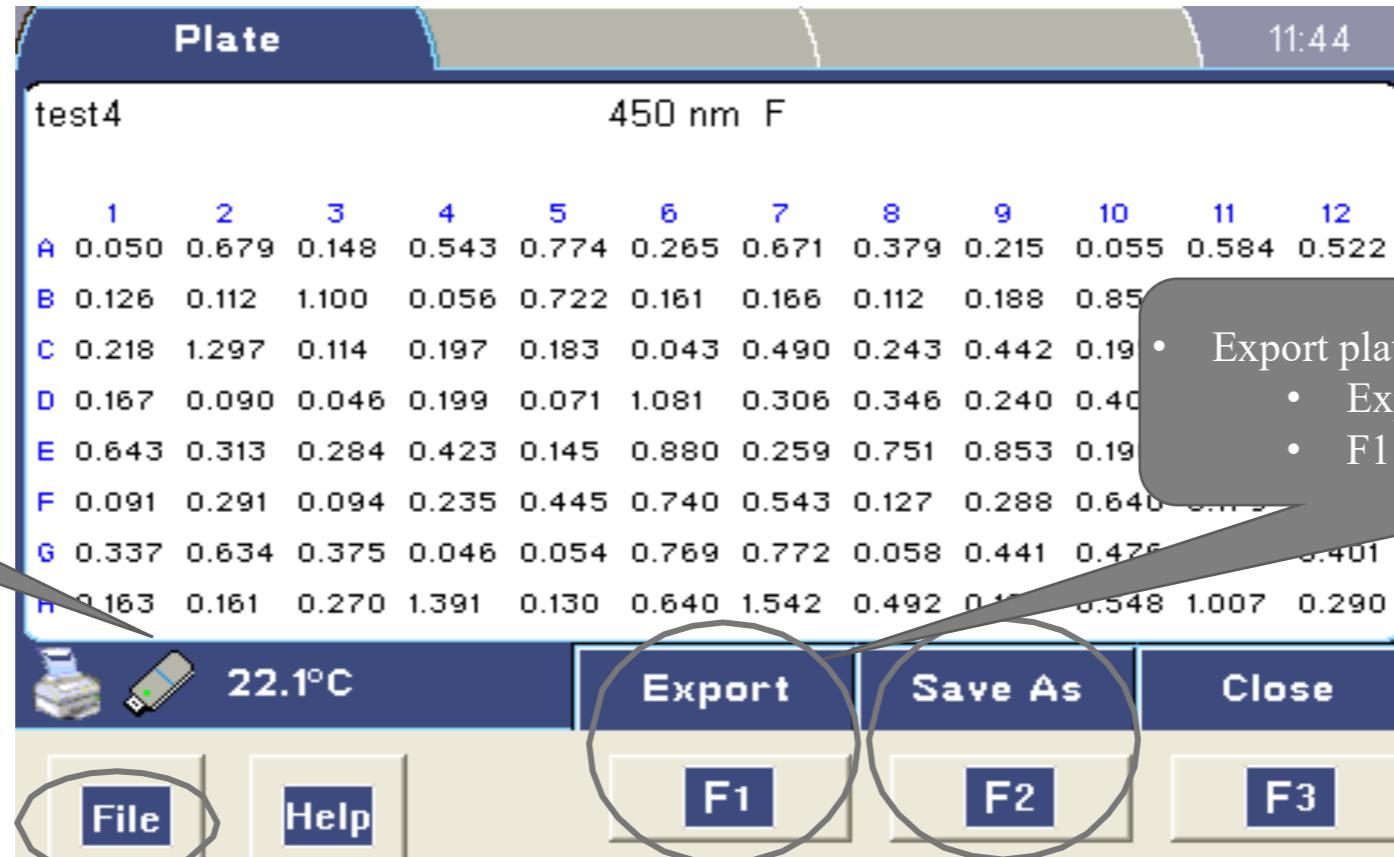
Selected well indicated, use arrow keys to move



■ “START“ Measurement



■ “Saving” Result



USB flash
memory
device
connected

New
Open
Save
Save As

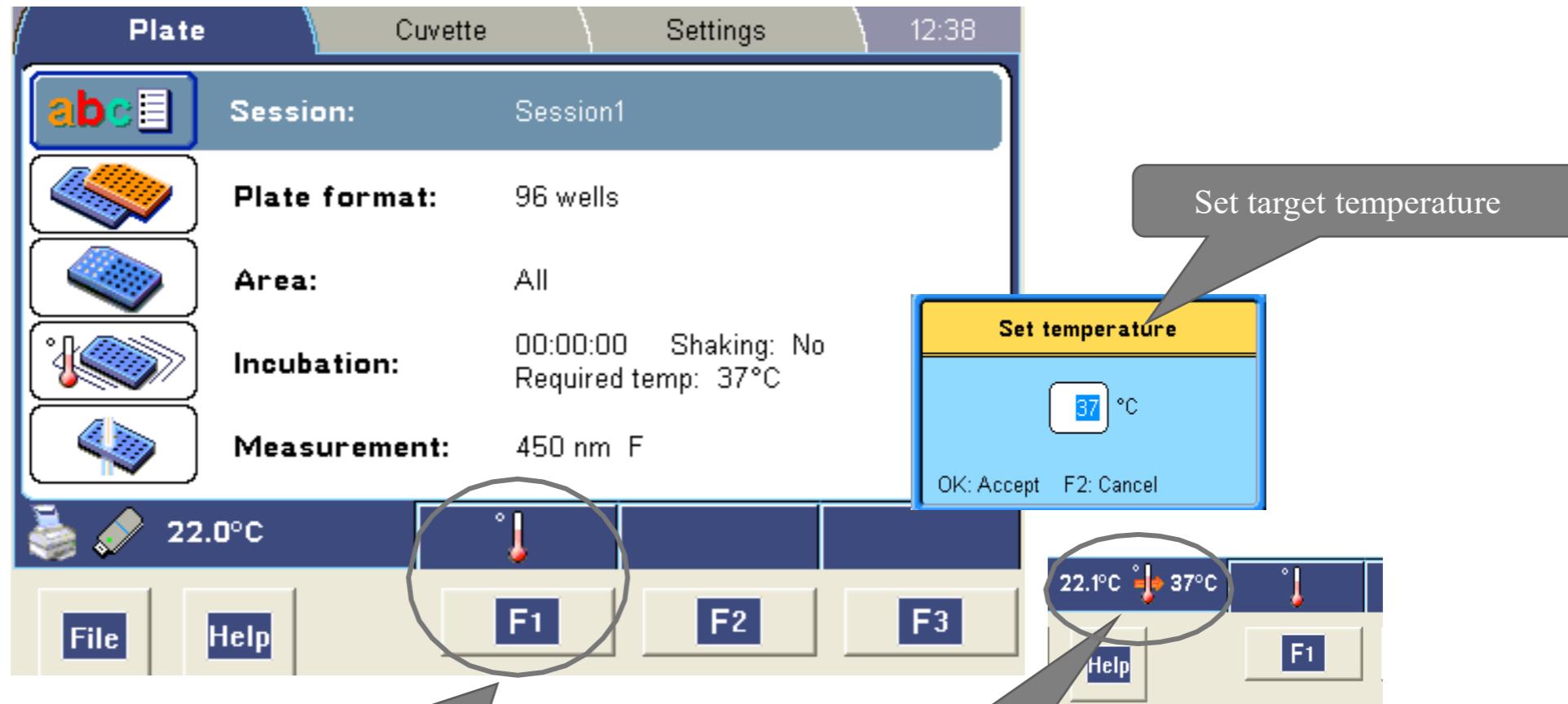
Export
Print

Delete

- Export plate Session(s)
 - Export current session
 - F1 (Export)

- Save the plate Session:
 - F2 (Save as)
 - File -> Save or Save as

■ “Incubation”



- The incubator temperature can be controlled using F1 key

Instrument and Target temperature

Note!
The “Required temp” parameter sets an incubation temperature reminder.
It does not affect the instrument temperature

SkanIt Software

The software interface shows a plate layout for 'NUNC, F-bottom, 96' with rows A through H and columns 1 through 12. Cells A1, A2, B1, B2, C1, C2, D1, D2, E1, E2, F1, F2, G1, and H1 are highlighted in green and contain assay data. The rest of the plate is empty. The processing tab is open, showing various analysis tools like Blank Subtraction, Basic Statistics, Spectral Analysis, PreCalculation, Quality Control, User-Defined Equation, Effective Dose, R/I Data Normalization, Parallel Line Analysis, and Automatic Save.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	Cal_0001 1/2 Assay 1000	Cal_0001 1/2 Assay 1000	Un_0001 1/2 Assay 1000	Un_0001 2/2 Assay 1000								
B	Cal_0002 1/2 Assay 500	Cal_0002 2/2 Assay 500	Un_0002 1/2 Assay 500	Un_0002 2/2 Assay 500								
C	Cal_0003 1/2 Assay 250	Cal_0003 2/2 Assay 250	Un_0003 1/2 Assay 250	Un_0003 2/2 Assay 250								
D	Cal_0004 1/2 Assay 125	Cal_0004 2/2 Assay 125	Un_0004 1/2 Assay 125	Un_0004 2/2 Assay 125								
E	Cal_0005 1/2 Assay 62.5	Cal_0005 2/2 Assay 62.5	Un_0005 1/2 Assay 62.5	Un_0005 2/2 Assay 62.5								
F	Cal_0006 1/2 Assay 31.25	Cal_0006 2/2 Assay 31.25	Un_0006 1/2 Assay 31.25	Un_0006 2/2 Assay 31.25								
G			Un_0007 1/2 Assay	Un_0007 2/2 Assay								
H			Un_0008 1/2 Assay	Un_0008 2/2 Assay								

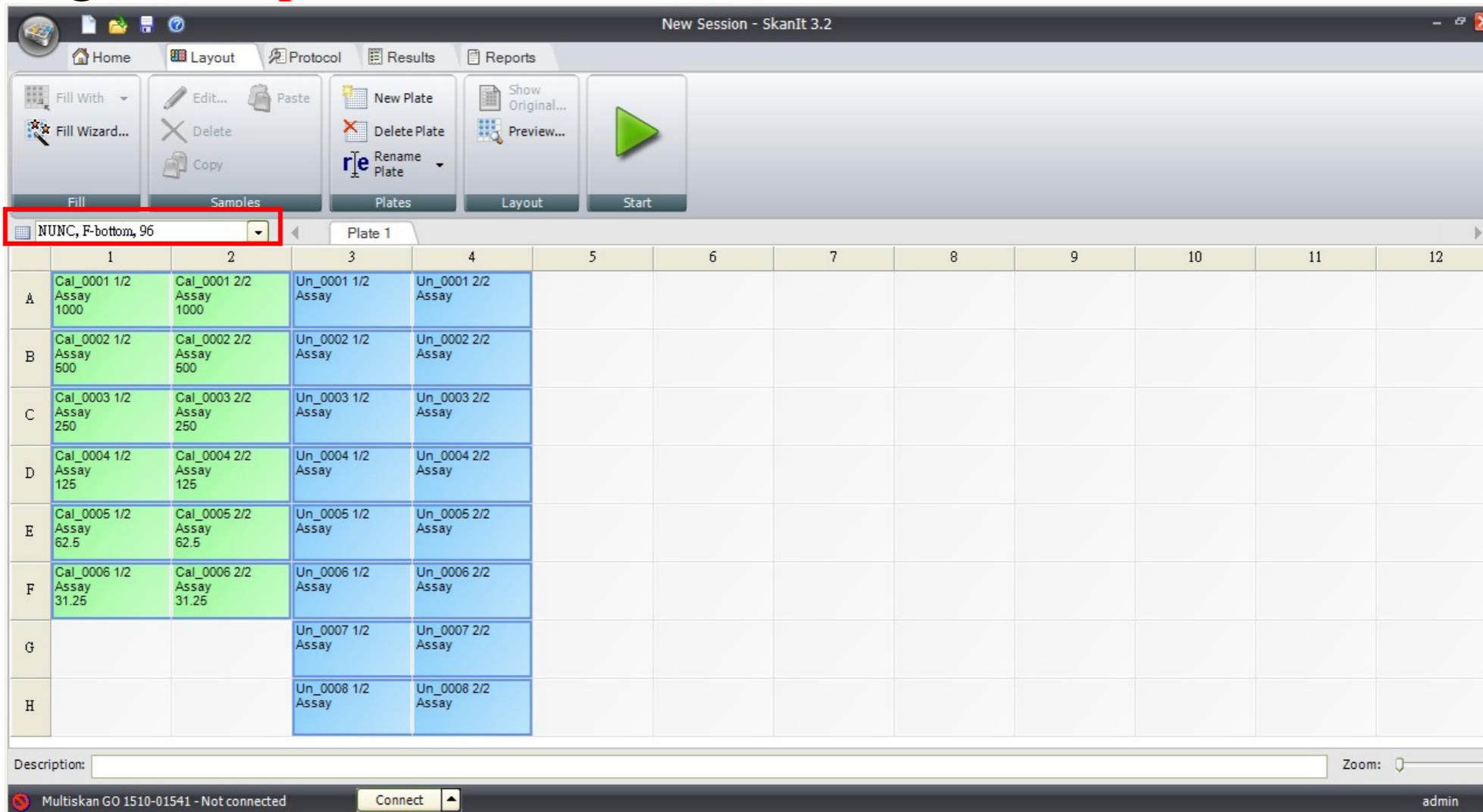
Description: Multiskan GO 1510-01541 - Not connected

Multiskan GO SIMULATOR-Connected

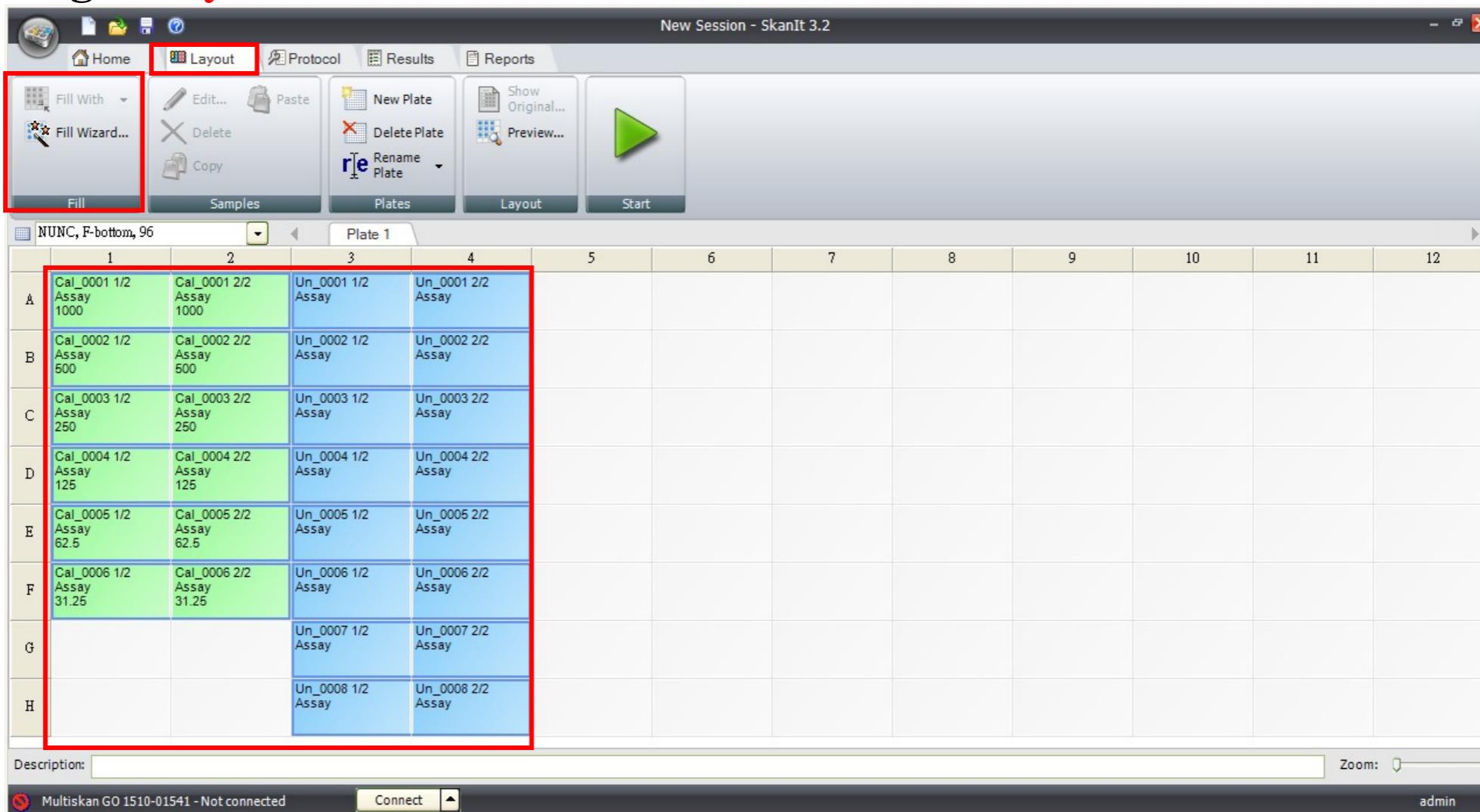
Target: 20.0°C Plate: 20.4°C Cuvette: 21.1°C

admin

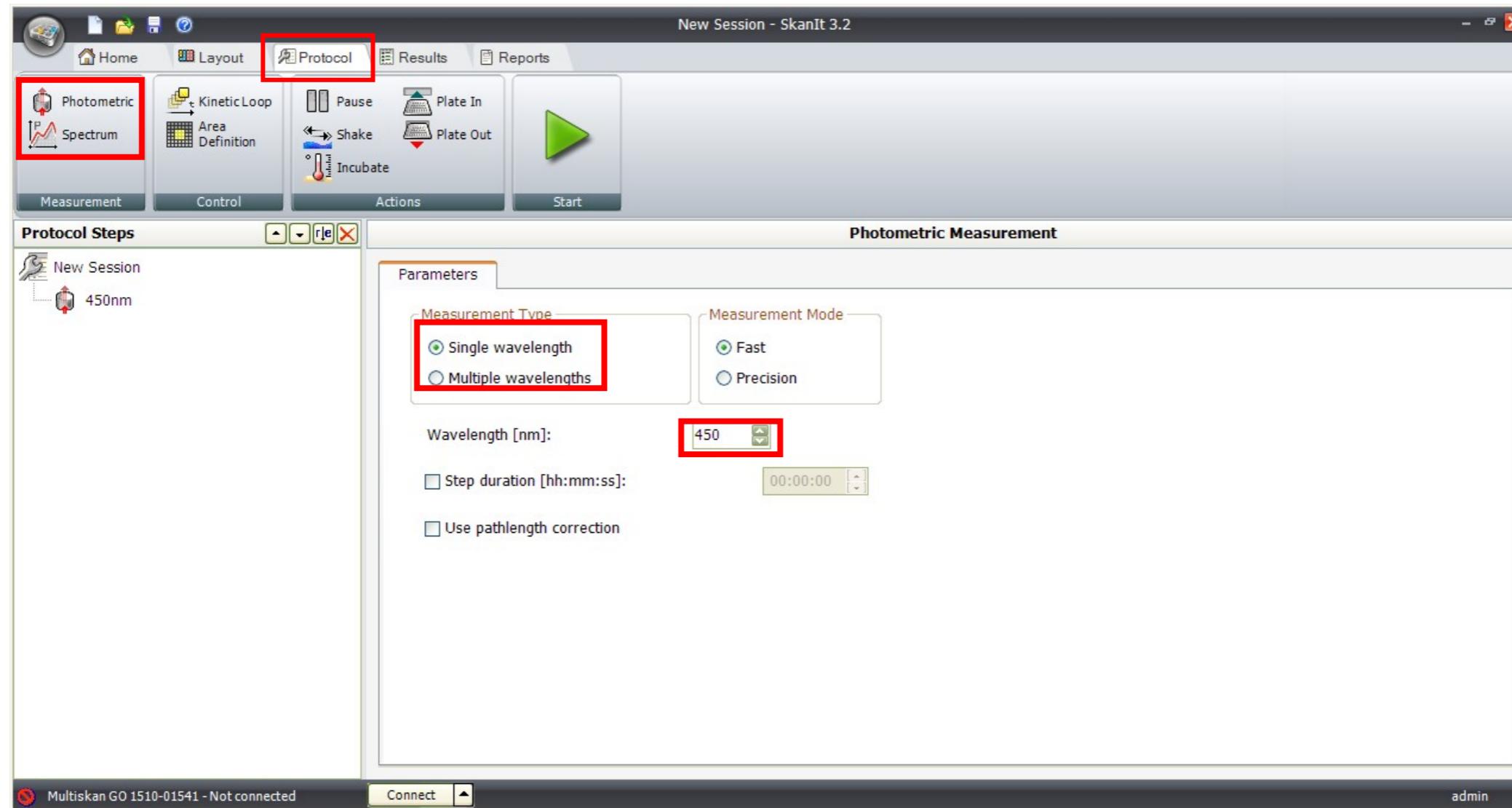
■ Setting “Microplate”



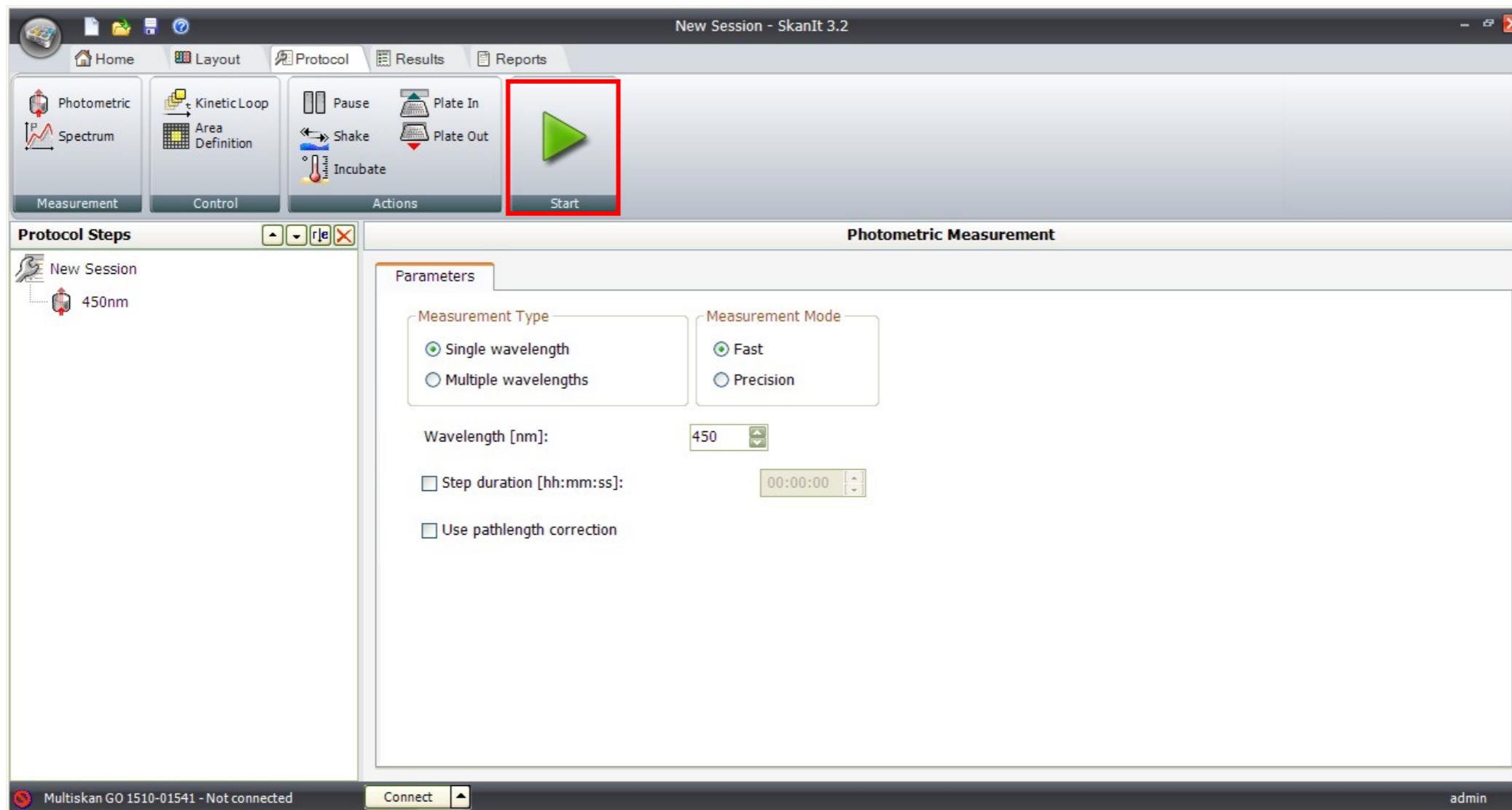
■ Setting "Layout"



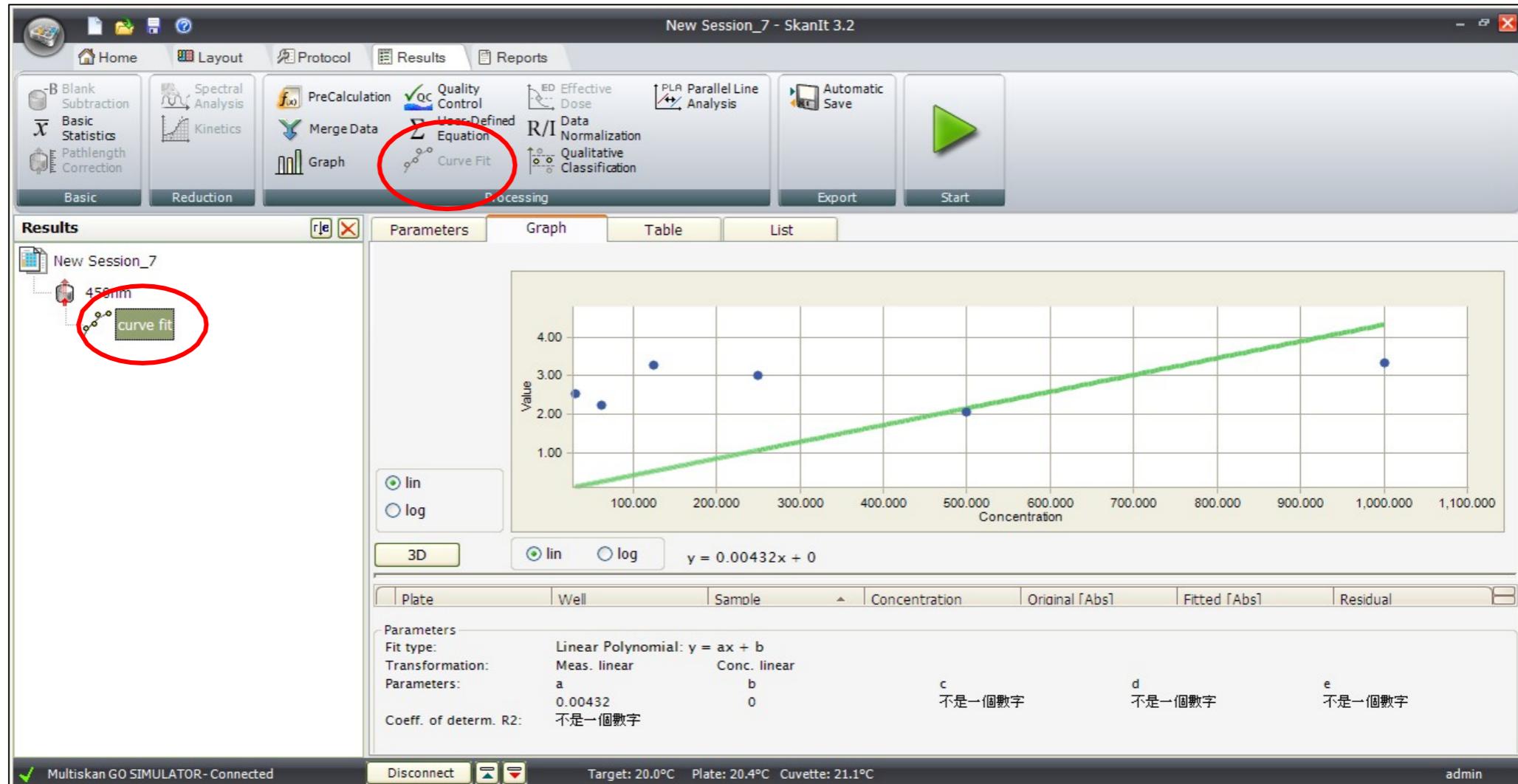
■ Setting "Wavelength"



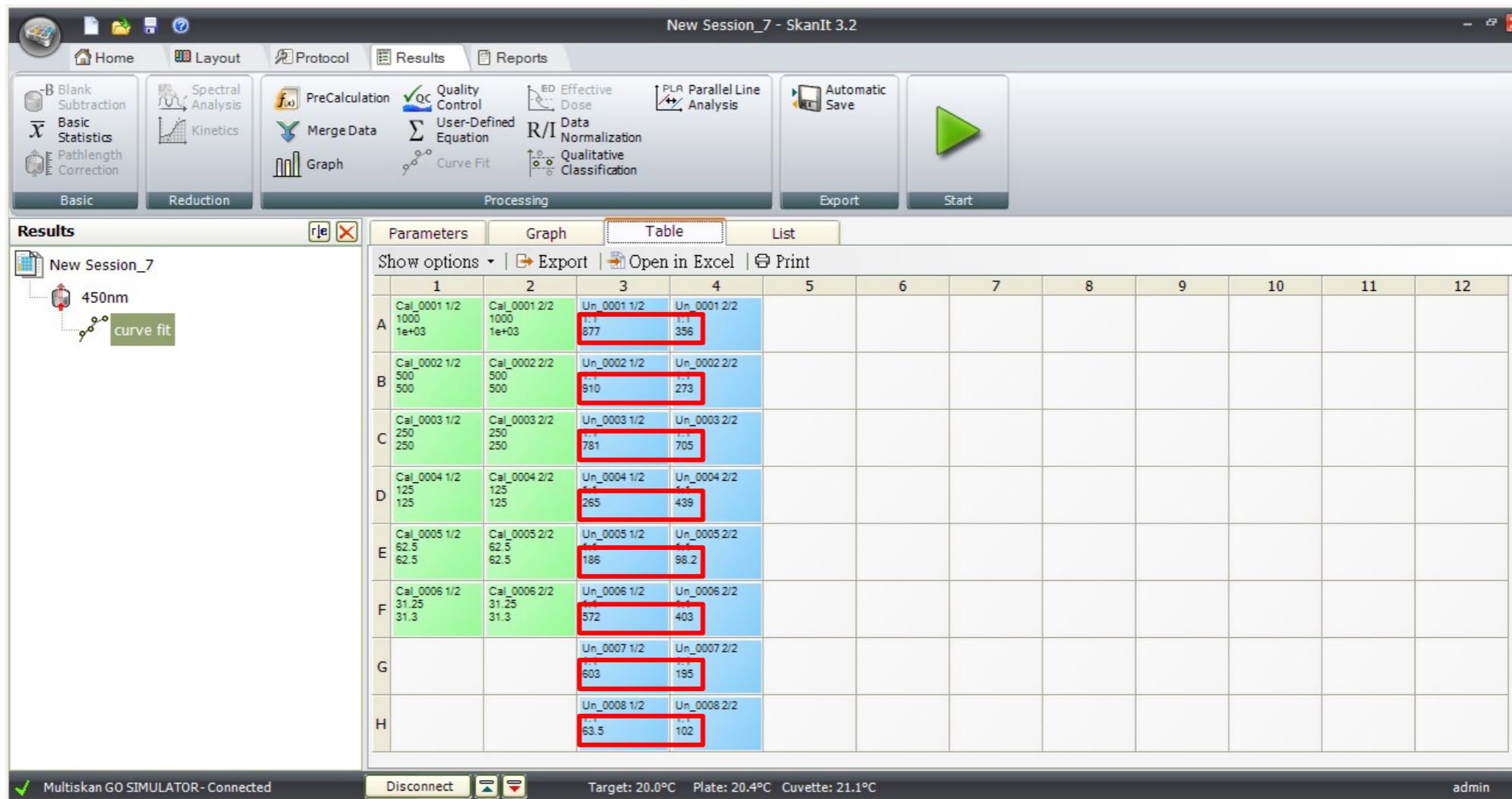
■ “START“ Measurement



- Using “Curve fit” icon



- Sample concentration will be calculate **automatically**

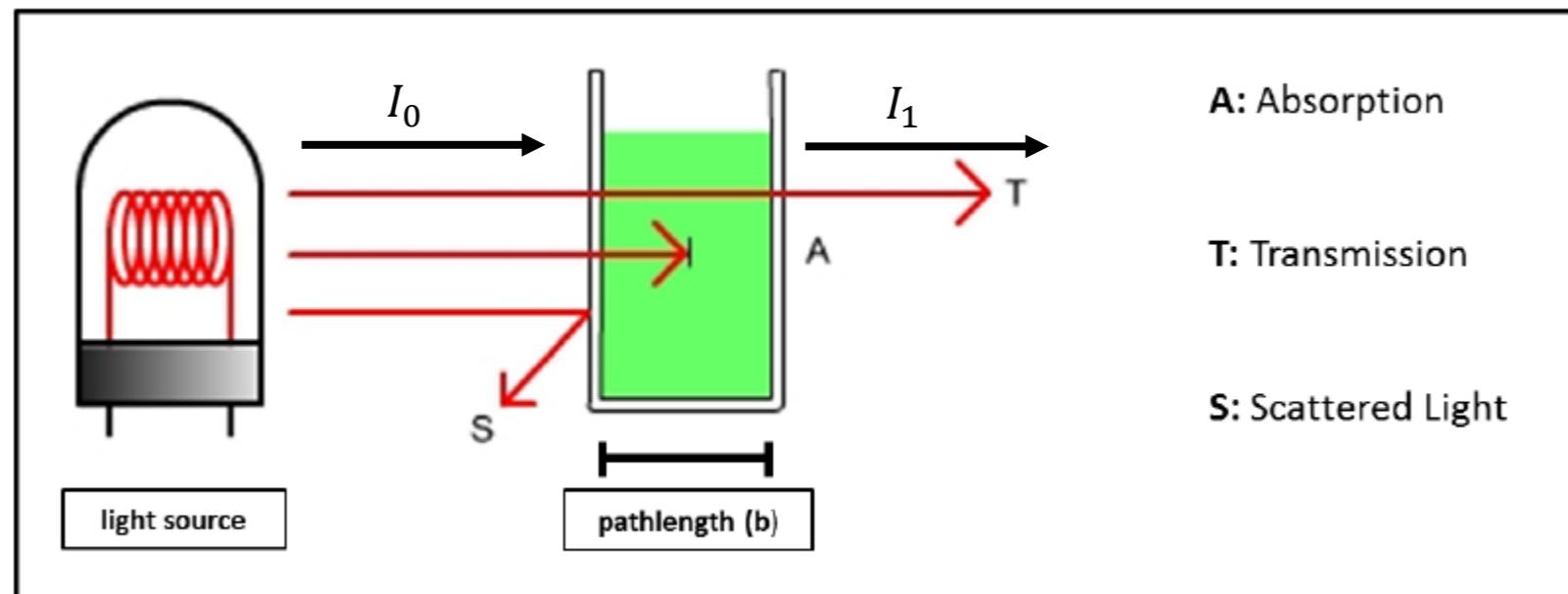


■ “Export“ Result

The screenshot shows the SkanIt 3.2 software interface. The main window title is "New Session_7 - SkanIt 3.2". The menu bar includes "Home", "Layout", "Protocol", "Results", and "Reports". The toolbar contains various analysis tools: Blank Subtraction, Basic Statistics, Pathlength Correction, Spectral Analysis, Kinetics, PreCalculation, Quality Control, User-Defined Equation, Effective Dose, Parallel Line Analysis, Merge Data, R/I Data Normalization, Qualitative Classification, Graph, and Automatic Save. Below the toolbar are tabs for "Basic" and "Reduction". The "Results" panel on the left shows a session named "New Session_7" with a 450nm measurement and a "curve fit" icon. The central area displays a table with 12 columns labeled 1 through 12. The first column has rows labeled A through H, each containing four entries. The second column has rows labeled A through F, each containing three entries. The third column has rows labeled A through G, each containing two entries. The fourth column has rows labeled A through H, each containing one entry. The "Export" button in the toolbar is highlighted with a red box. The bottom status bar shows "Multiskan GO SIMULATOR-Connected", "Disconnect", "Target: 20.0°C Plate: 20.4°C Cuvette: 21.1°C", and "admin".

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	Cal_0001 1/2 1000 1e+03	Cal_0001 2/2 1000 1e+03	Un_0001 1/2 1:1 877	Un_0001 2/2 1:1 356								
B	Cal_0002 1/2 500 500	Cal_0002 2/2 500 500	Un_0002 1/2 1:1 910	Un_0002 2/2 1:1 273								
C	Cal_0003 1/2 250 250	Cal_0003 2/2 250 250	Un_0003 1/2 1:1 781	Un_0003 2/2 1:1 705								
D	Cal_0004 1/2 125 125	Cal_0004 2/2 125 125	Un_0004 1/2 1:1 265	Un_0004 2/2 1:1 439								
E	Cal_0005 1/2 62.5 62.5	Cal_0005 2/2 62.5 62.5	Un_0005 1/2 1:1 186	Un_0005 2/2 1:1 98.2								
F	Cal_0006 1/2 31.25 31.3	Cal_0006 2/2 31.25 31.3	Un_0006 1/2 1:1 572	Un_0006 2/2 1:1 403								
G			Un_0007 1/2 1:1 603	Un_0007 2/2 1:1 185								
H			Un_0008 1/2 1:1 63.5	Un_0008 2/2 1:1 102								

Absorbance



$$\text{Transmittance}[T] = \frac{I_0}{I_1} \quad \text{Absorbance}[A] = -\log_{10} \left[\frac{I_0}{I_1} \right] = -\log_{10}[T]$$

I_1 = intensity of the radiation (light)
 I_0 = amount of light of the incident light beam

The Beer's law

$$A = \varepsilon cl$$

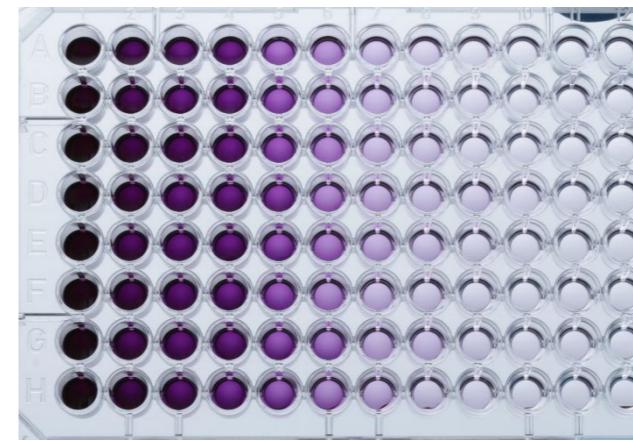
A	Absorbance	
ε	Molar absorption coefficient	$\text{M}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$
c	Molar concentration	M
l	optical path length	cm

Multiskan GO

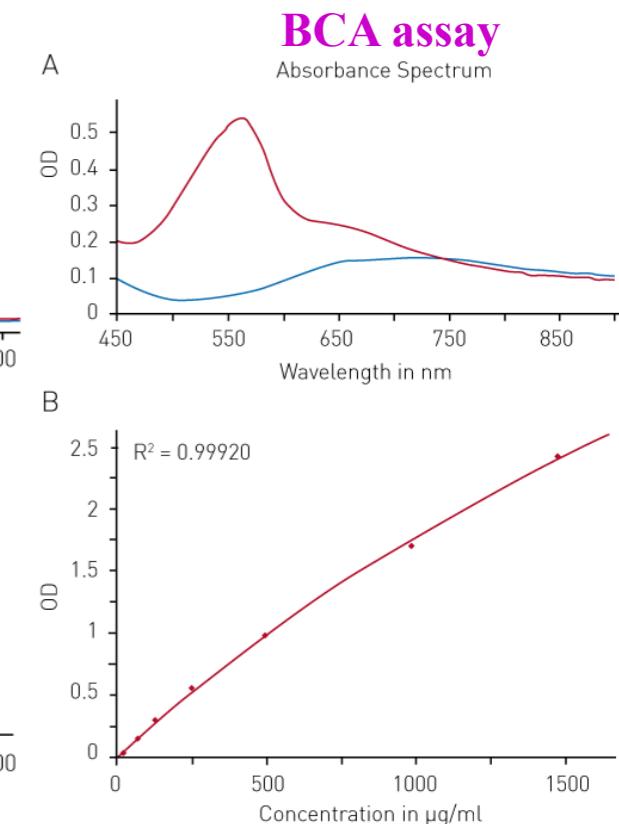
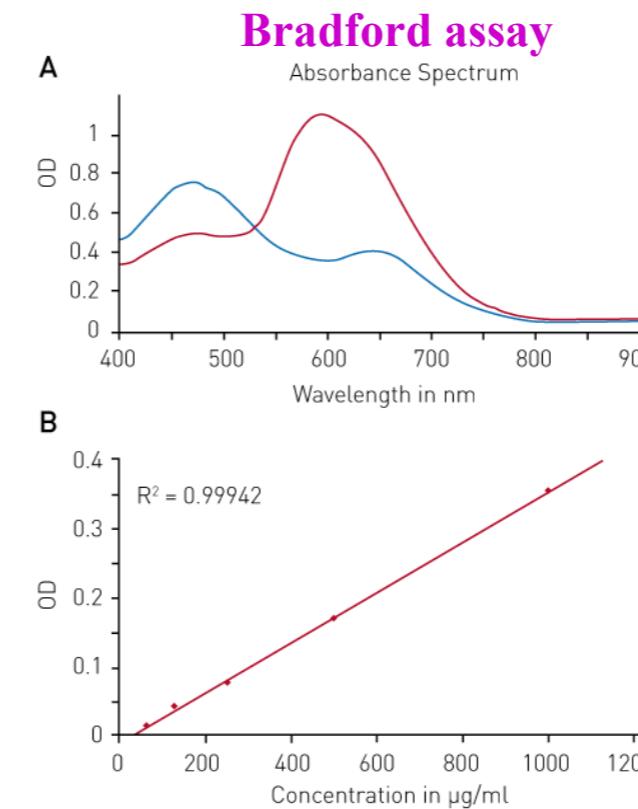
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Reads	96- and 384-well plates
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Incubation	up to +45°C
Reading speed	96-well plate in ~ 6 seconds
Spectrum	~10 seconds



- ELISA
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- BCA/Brafford
- DNA/Protein (260 nm / 280 nm)
- Microbial growth (OD 600 nm)



Cell viability(MTT Assay)



~Thank You for Your Attention~