# 全光譜分析儀Multiskan GO 的技術原理及應用

Grace Li 20261030

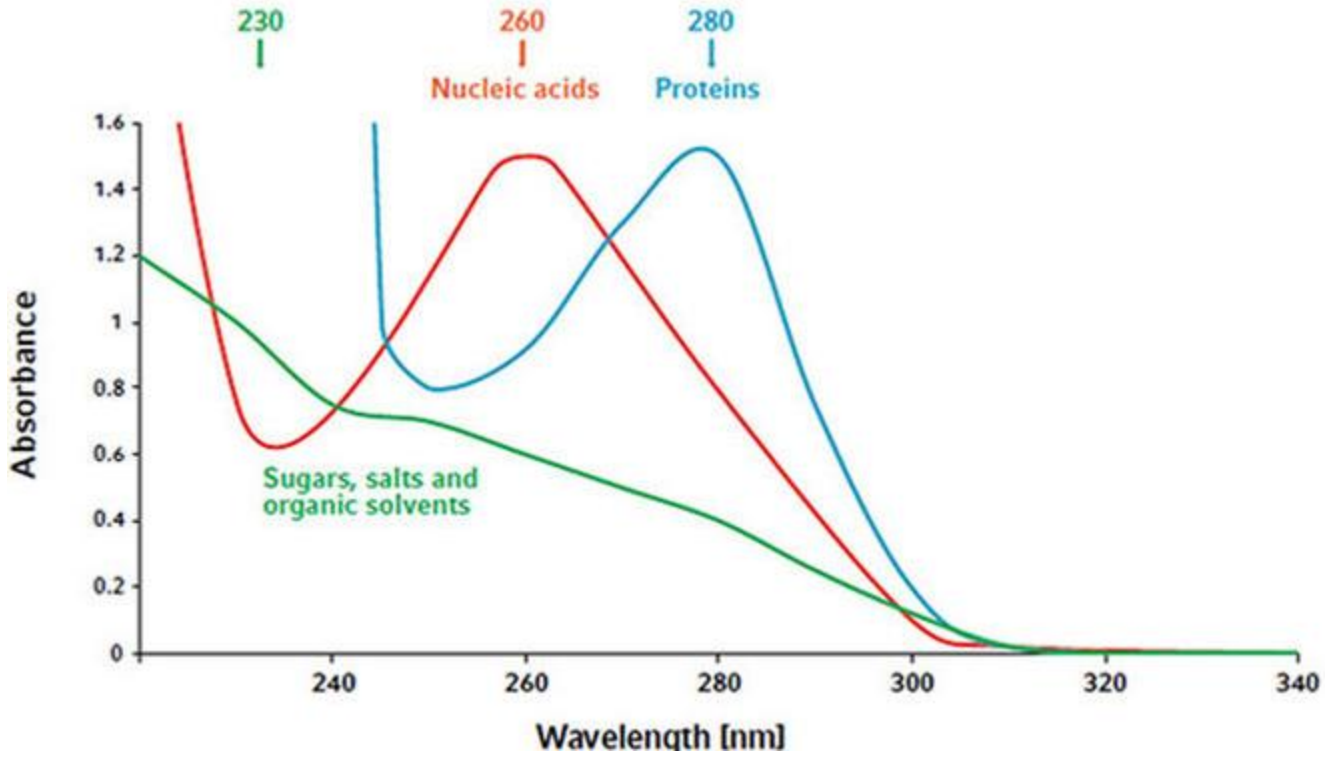
# Overview

- Absorbance
- Application
- Introduction of Multiskan GO
- Operation

# Absorbance

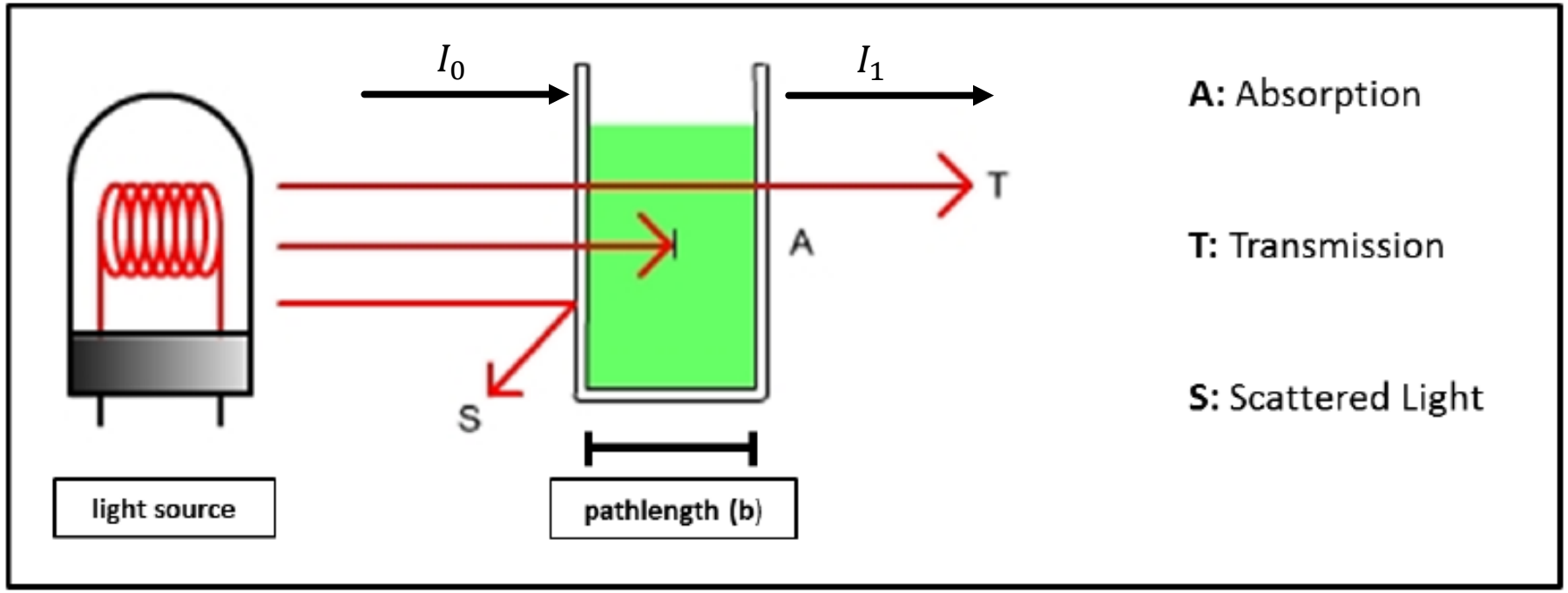
## Why measure absorbance ?

In biology and chemistry, the principle of absorbance is used to **quantify absorbing molecules in solution**.




https://handling-solutions.eppendorf.com/sample-handling/photometry/applications/detailview-applications/news/uv-vis-spectrophotometry-easy-and-quick-quantification-of-nucleic-acids/

# Absorbance




$$Transmittance[T] = \frac{I_1}{I_o} \qquad Absorbance[A] = \log_{10}\left[\frac{I_0}{I_1}\right] = \log_{10}[\frac{1}{T}]$$

$I_1$ = intensity of the radiation (light)

$I_0$ = amount of light of the incident light beam

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The Microplate Reader Company

# Absorbance

| Absorbance[A][O.D.] | Transmittance[T%] |
|---|---|
| 0 | 100% |
| 1 | 10% |
| 2 | 1% |
| 3 | 0.1% |
| 4 | 0.01% |
| 5 | 0.001% |

That means a sample with:

- 1 O.D. allows 10% of light to be transmitted through the sample
- 2 O.D. allows 1% of light to be transmitted through the sample
- 3 O.D. allows 0.1% of light to be transmitted through the sample
- 4 O.D. allows 0.01% of light to be transmitted through the sample

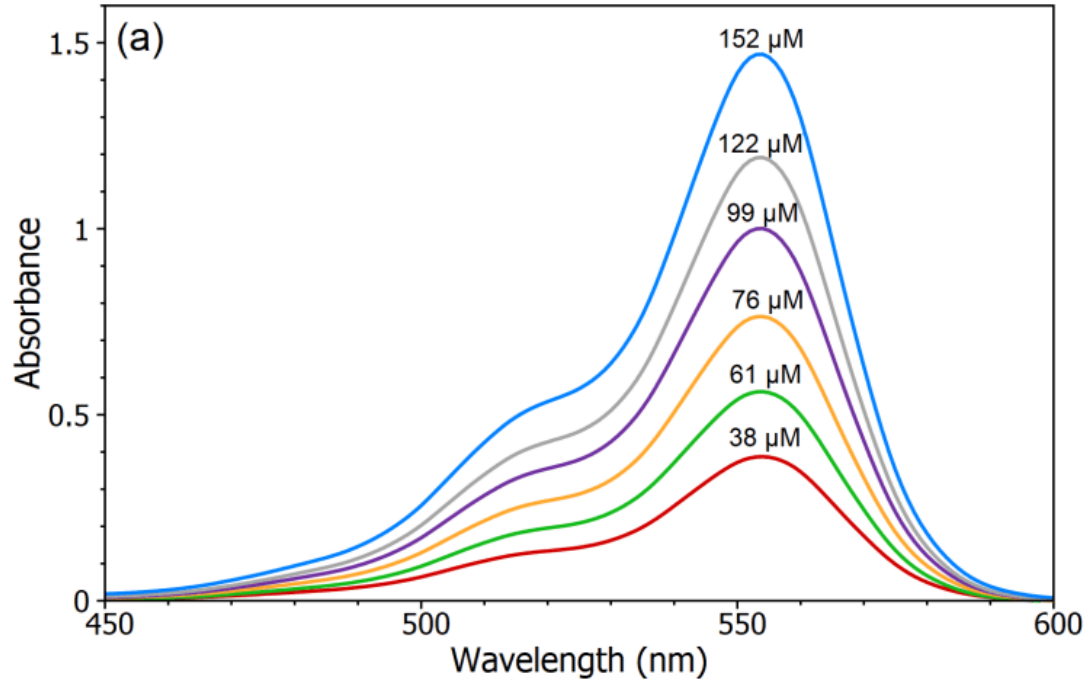
$$Transmittance[T] = \frac{I_1}{I_o} \qquad Absorbance[A] = \log_{10}\left[\frac{I_0}{I_1}\right] = \log_{10}[\frac{1}{T}]$$

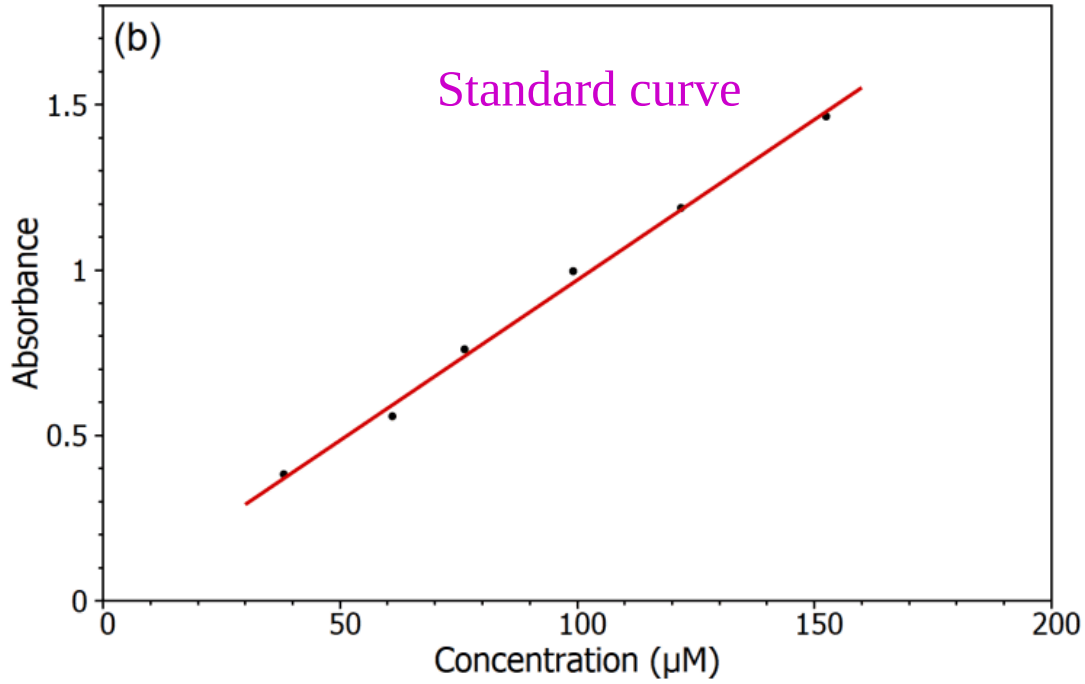
# Absorbance

## The Beer's law

$$A = \varepsilon c l$$

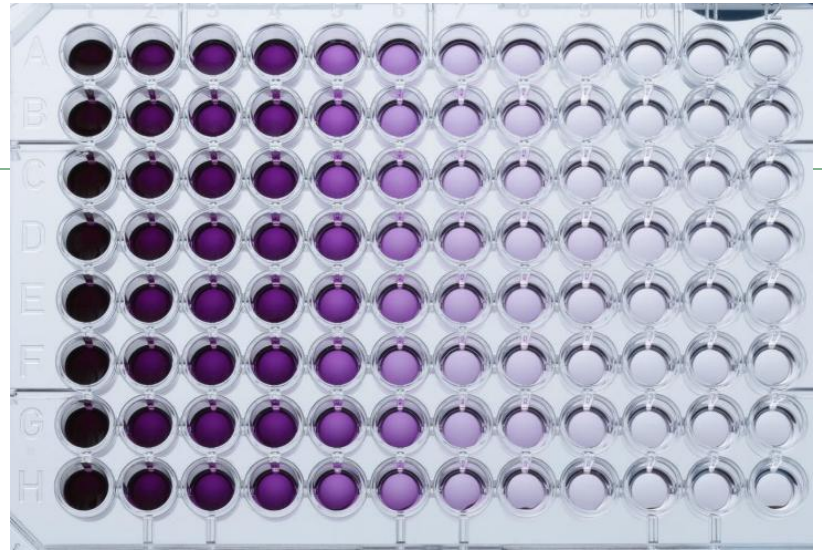
| | | |
|---|---|---|
| $A$ | Absorbance | |
| $\varepsilon$ | Molar absorption coefficient | $M^{-1}cm^{-1}$ |
| $c$ | Molar concentration | M |
| $l$ | optical path length | cm |




https://www.edinst.com/blog/the-beer-lambert-law/

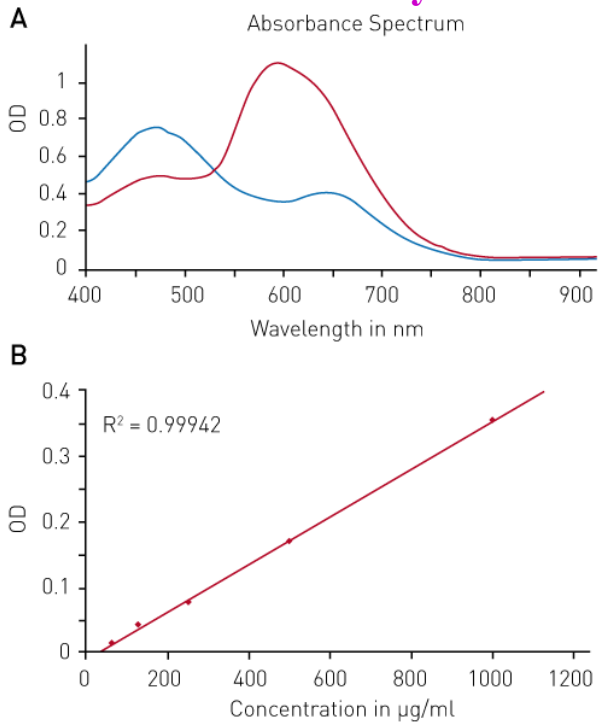
# Experiment



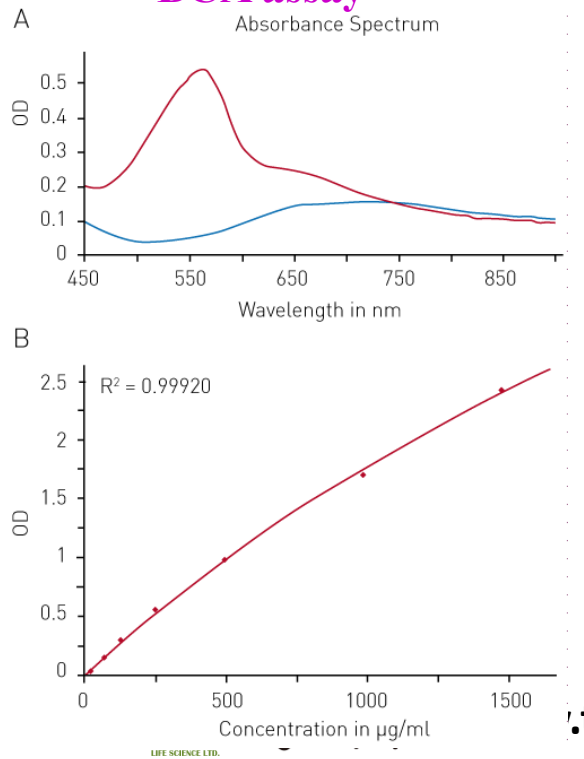
Cell viability(MTT Assay)

- ELISA
- Cell viability(MTT)
- Bradford/BCA
- DNA/Protein (260 nm / 280 nm)
- Microbial growth ( OD 600 nm)

## Bradford assay




## BCA assay

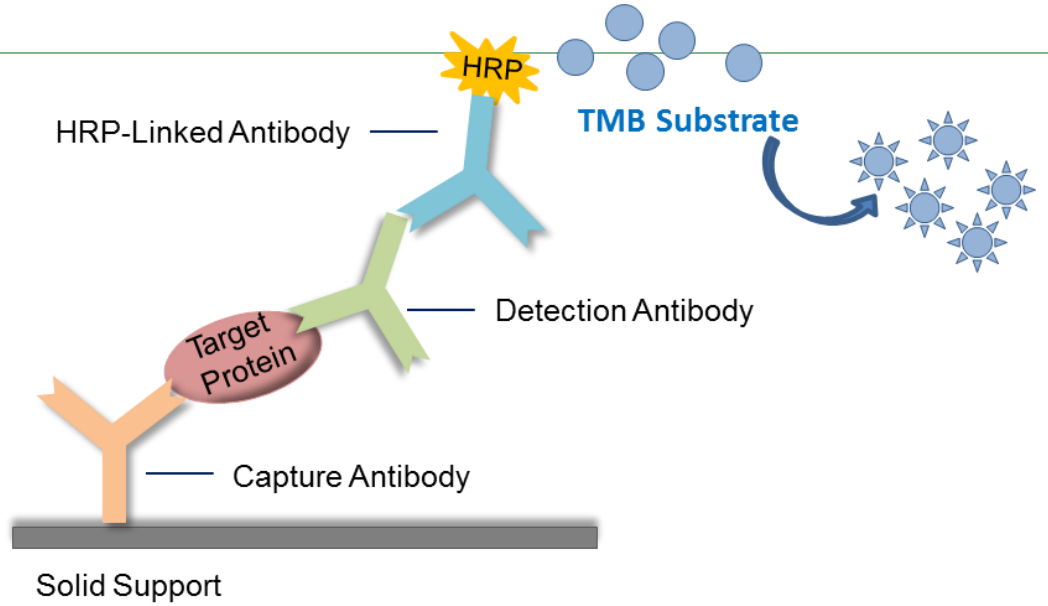


# Application

ELISA

**To detect specific protein by antibody**

Usually measure 450 or 405 nm



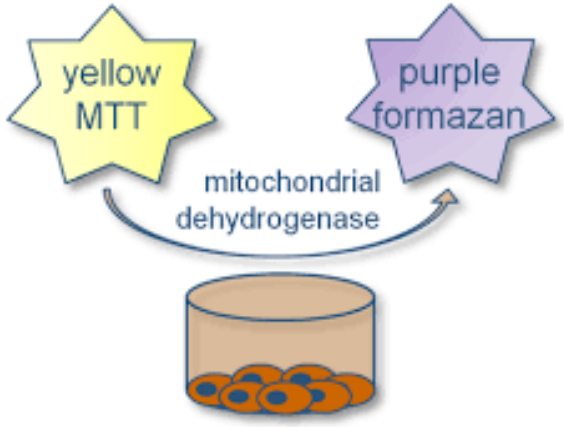

Cell viability CCK-8 and MTT

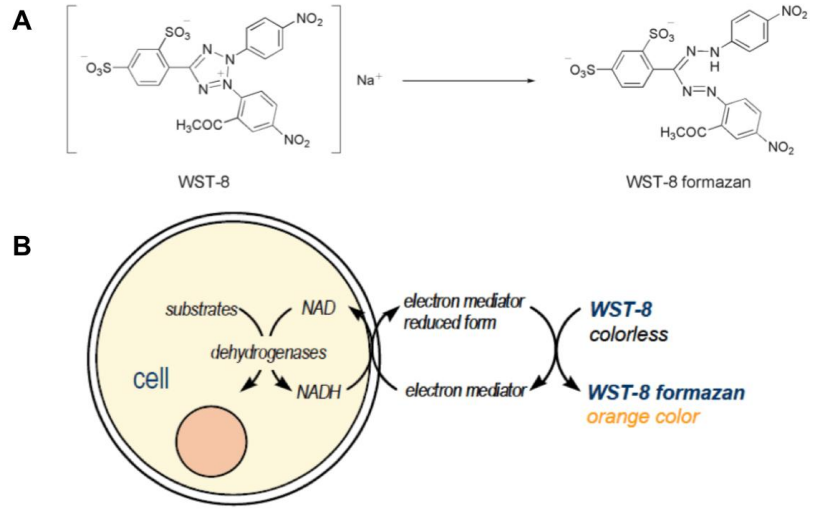
**To check the vial cell number by specific reagent**

Usually measure 450 and 570 nm

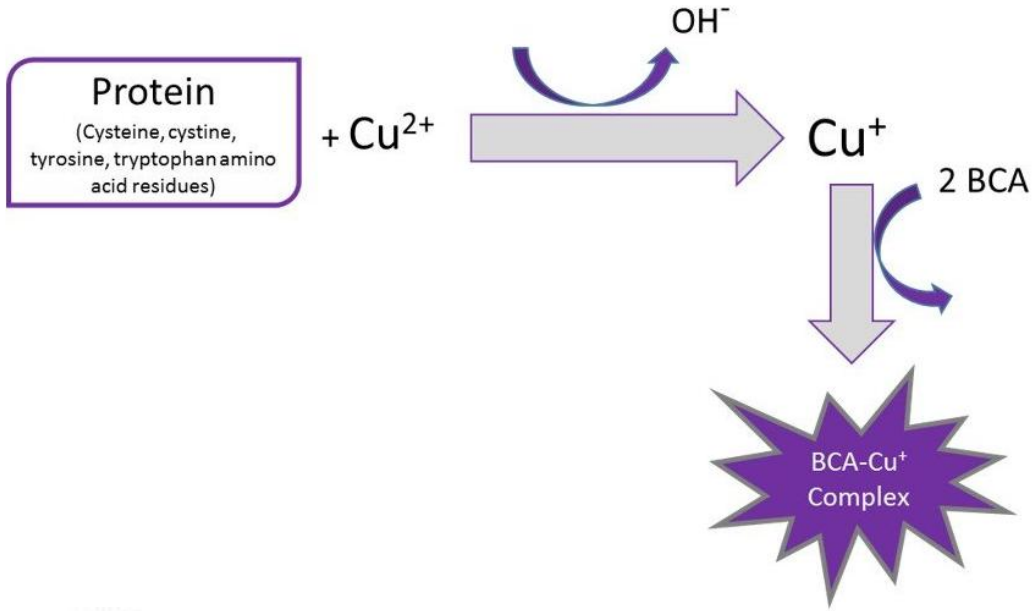
MTT = 570nm

CCK-8 = 450nm



# Application




BCA

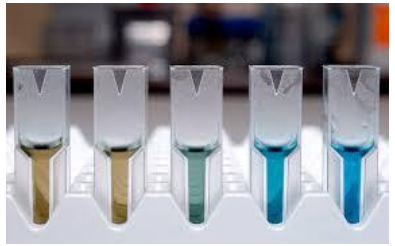
**To quantify protein in unknown sample**

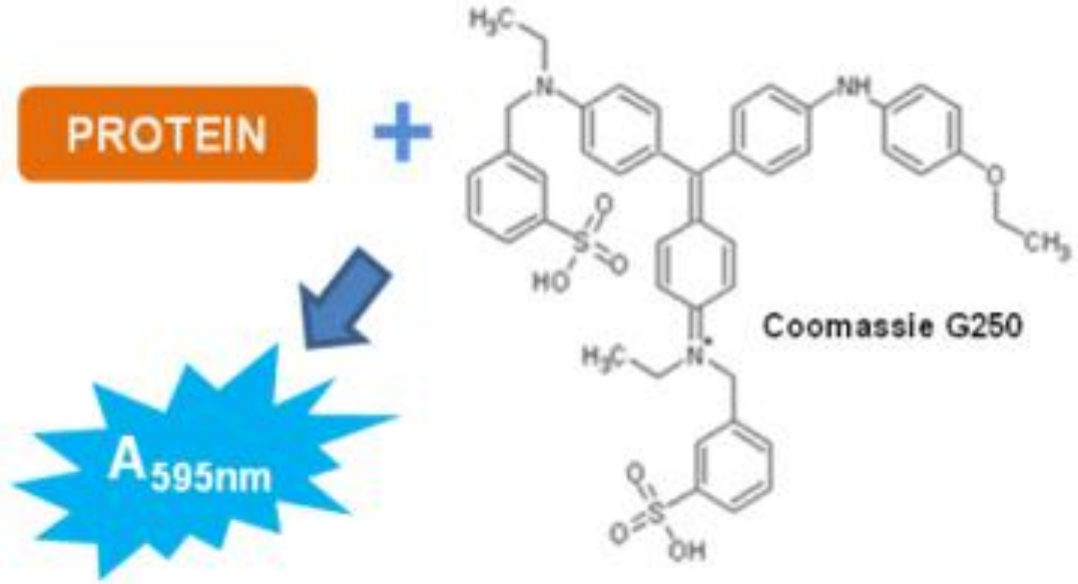
Usually measure 562 nm

Bradford

**To quantify protein in unknown sample**

Usually measure 595 nm







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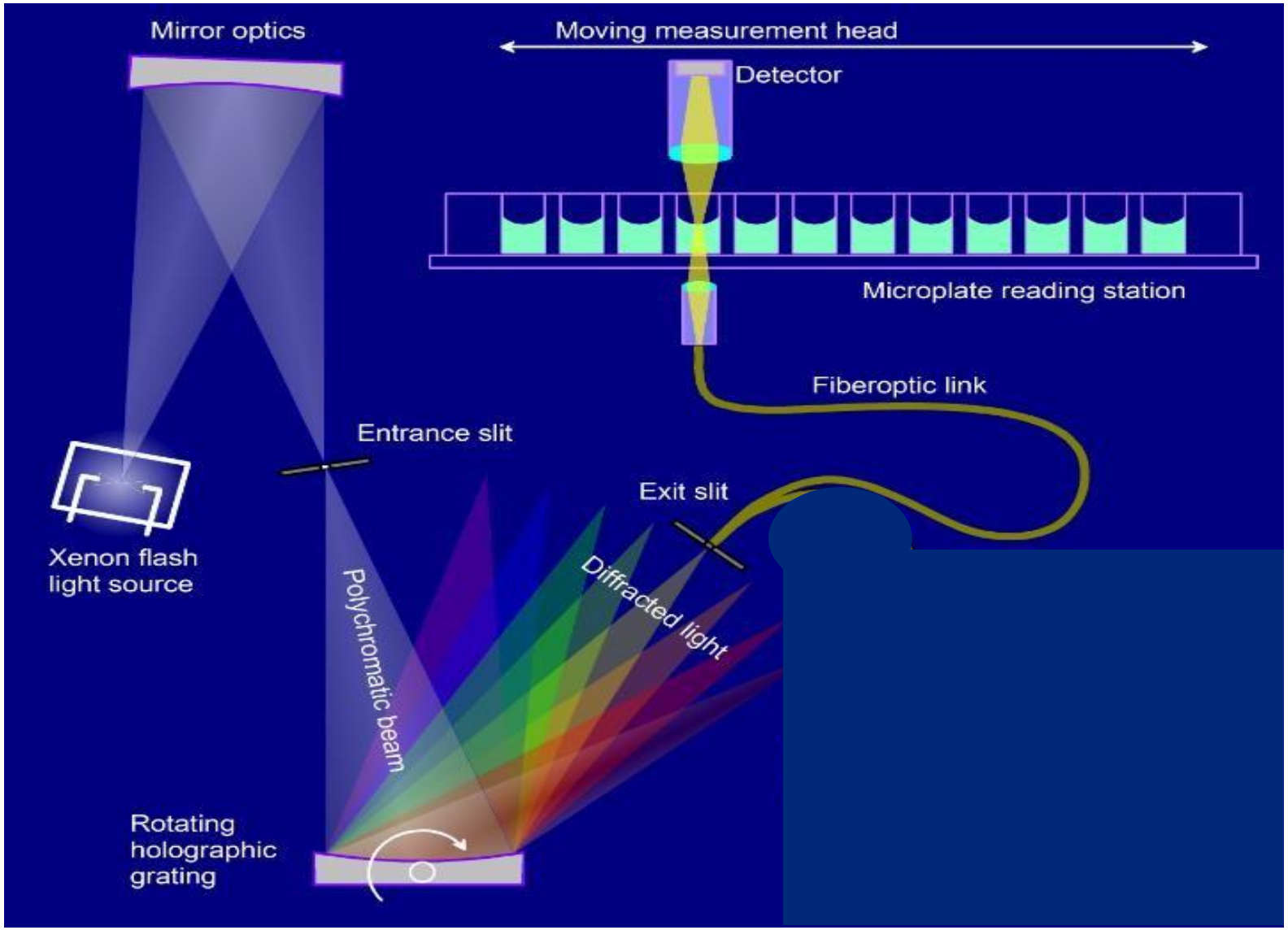
# Introduction of Multiskan GO

| | Multiskan GO |
|---|---|
| Wavelength | 200 -1000 nm |
| Reads | 96- and 384-well plates |
| Shaker | V |
| Incubation | up to +45°C |
| Reading speed | 96-well plate in ~ 6 seconds |
| Spectrum | ~10 seconds |



# Introduction of Multiskan GO

**Monochromator based system with adjustable wavelength**

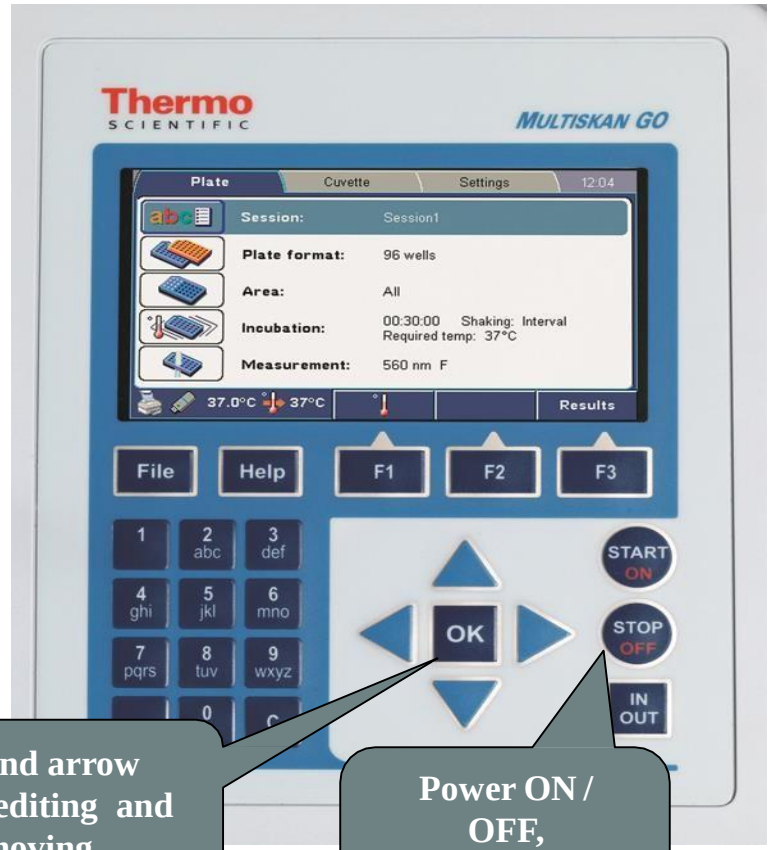




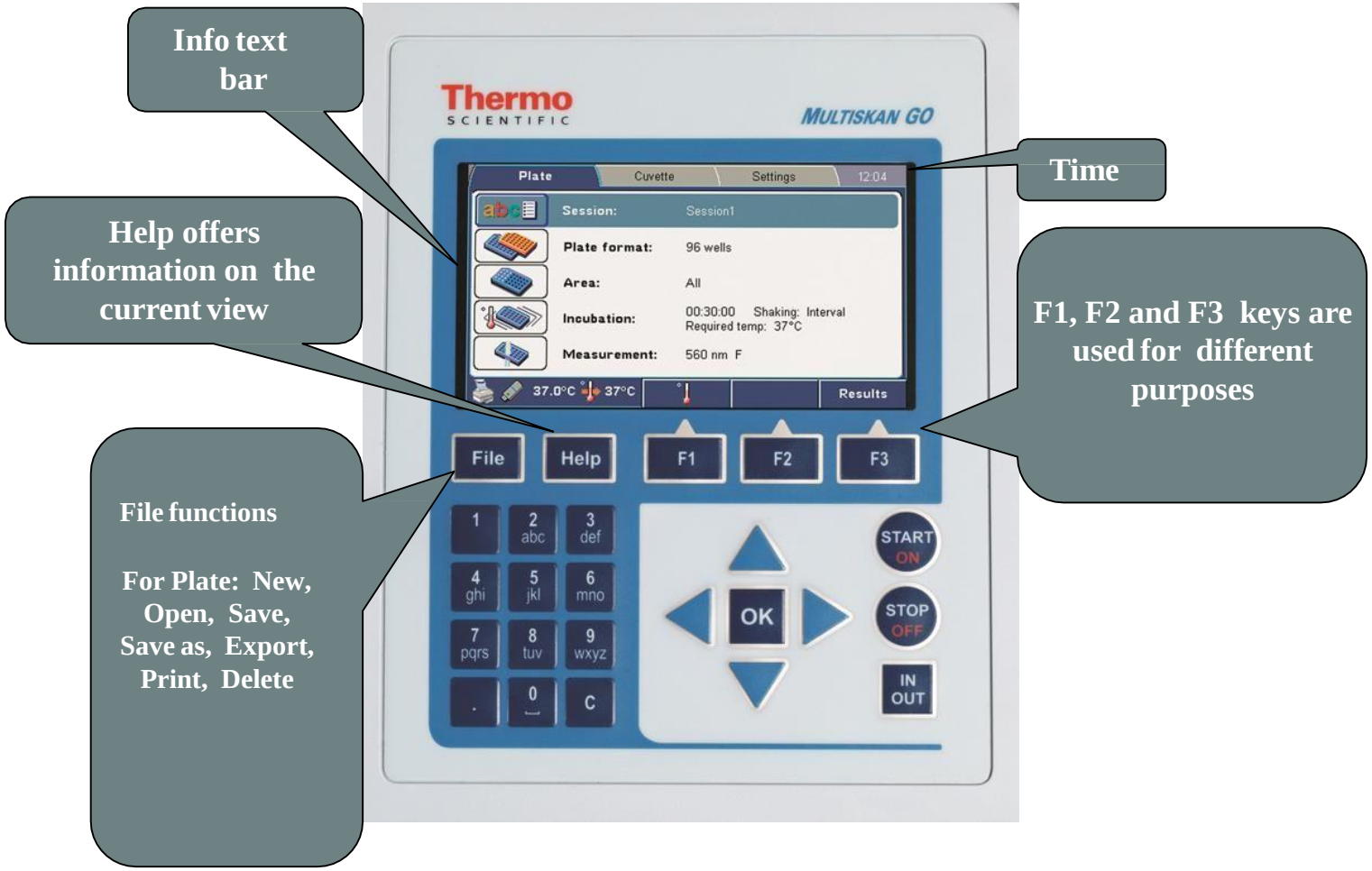

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# Operation

- User Interface tabs
  - **Plate**:
    defines protocol for the plate measurement
  - **Settings**:
    configuration settings
    - Configuration, Date & Time, Status report



# Operation

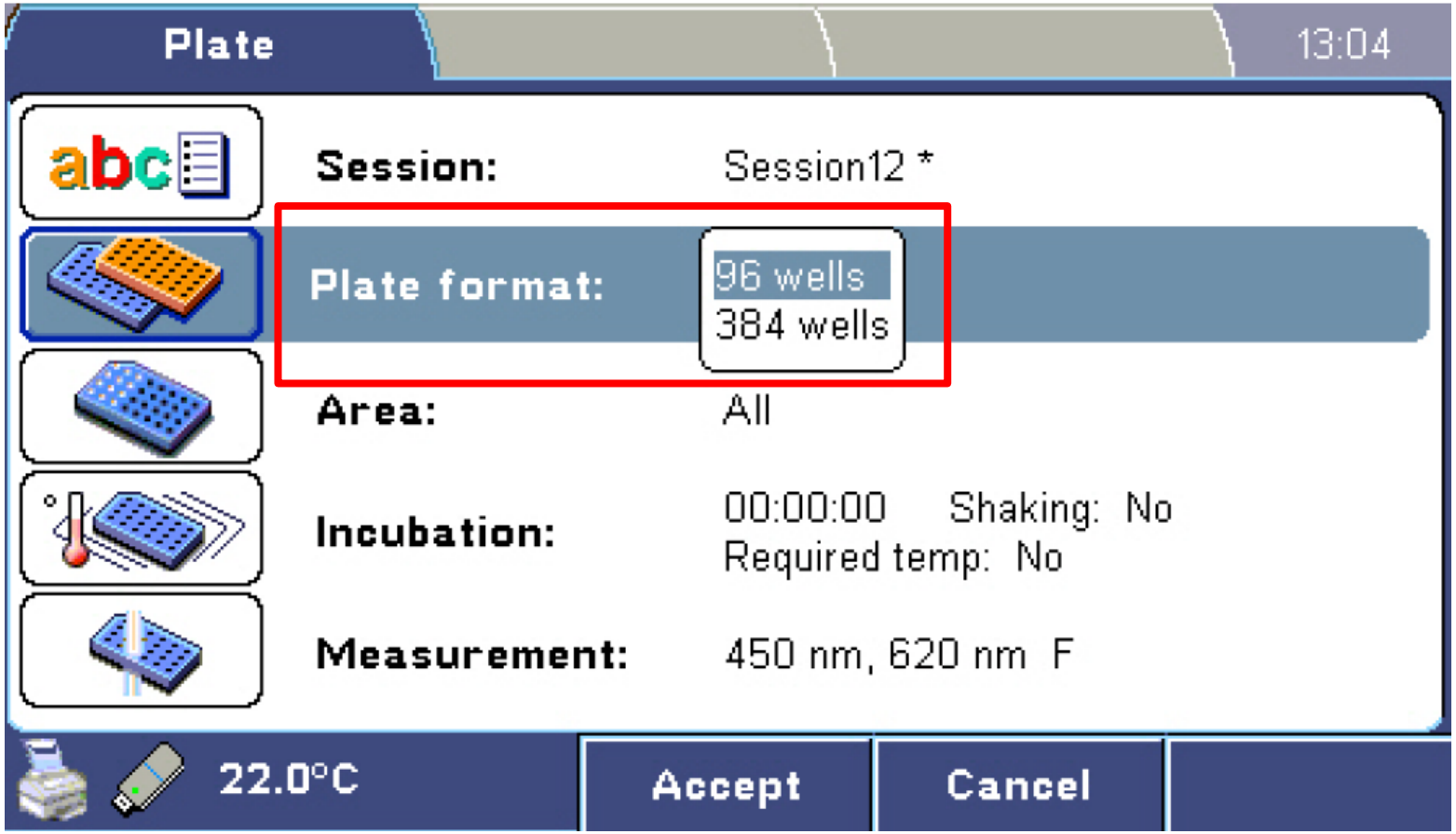




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# Operation-Plate measurement

- Selecting “Plate format”





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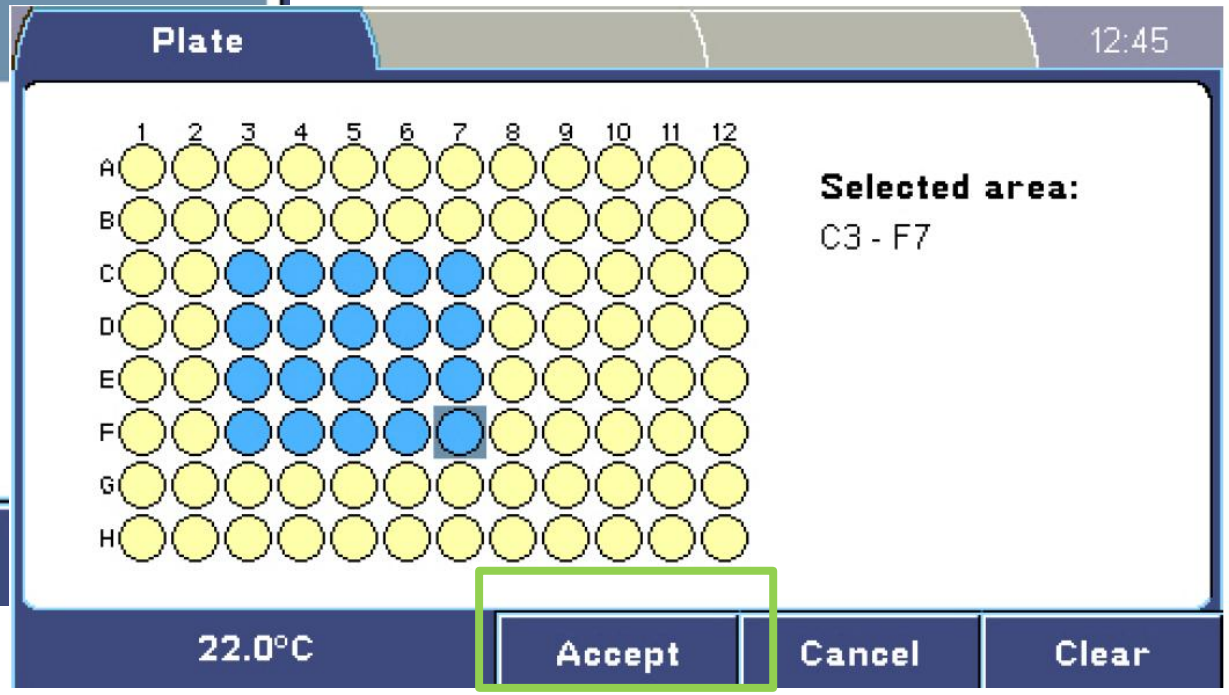
# Operation-Plate measurement

- Selecting “Area”







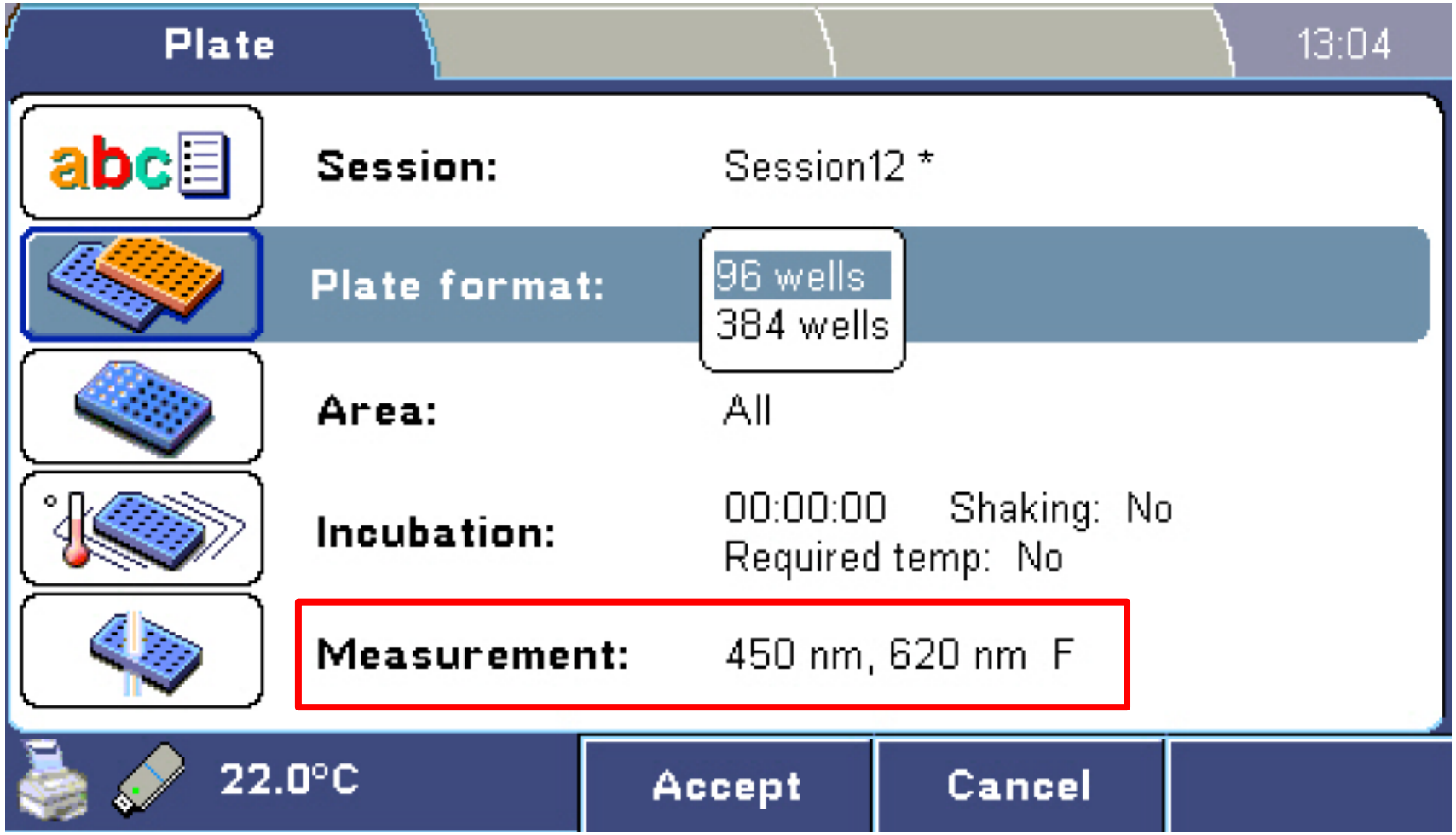




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# Operation-Plate measurement

- Setting “Measurement"



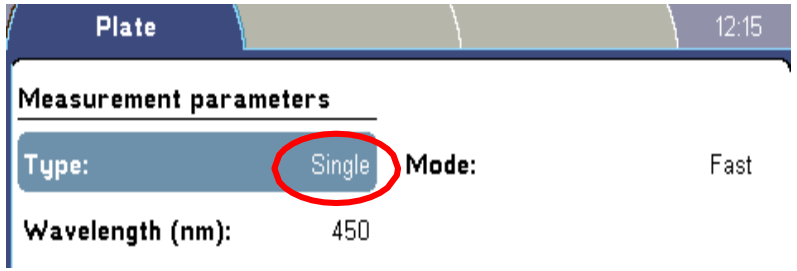


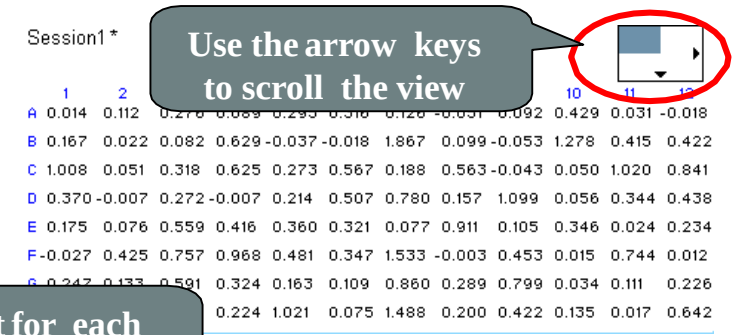
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# Operation-Plate measurement

## Measurement types

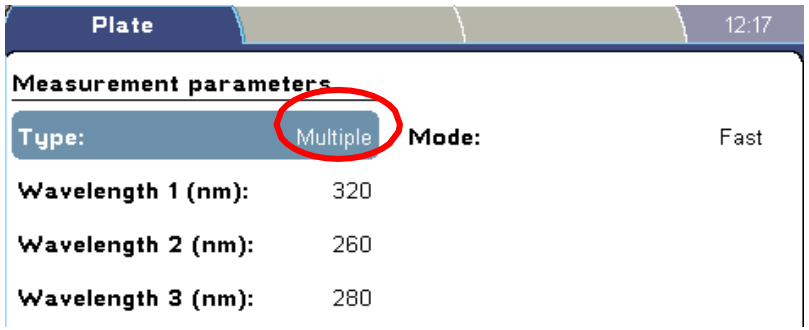
Single

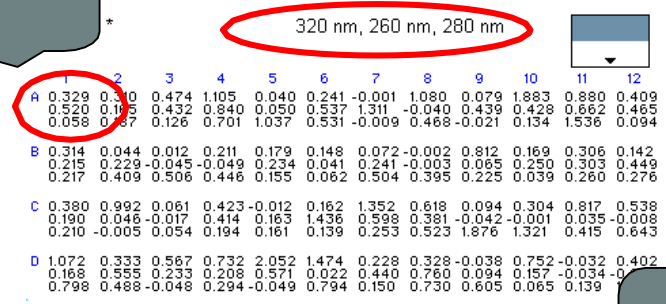


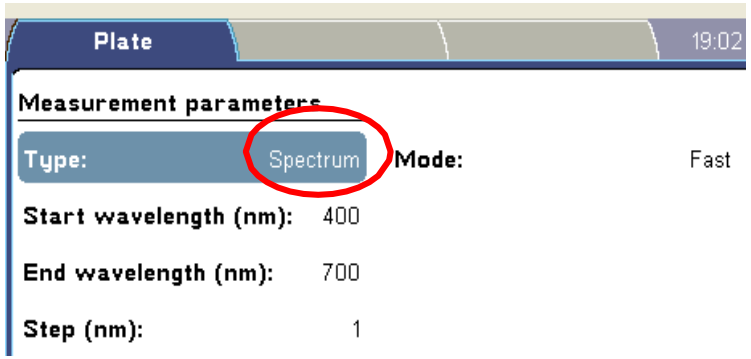

Result for each wavength

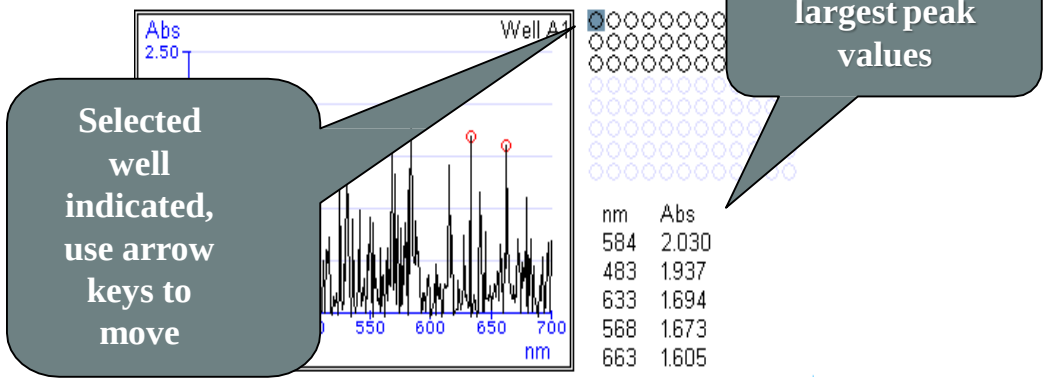
Multiple



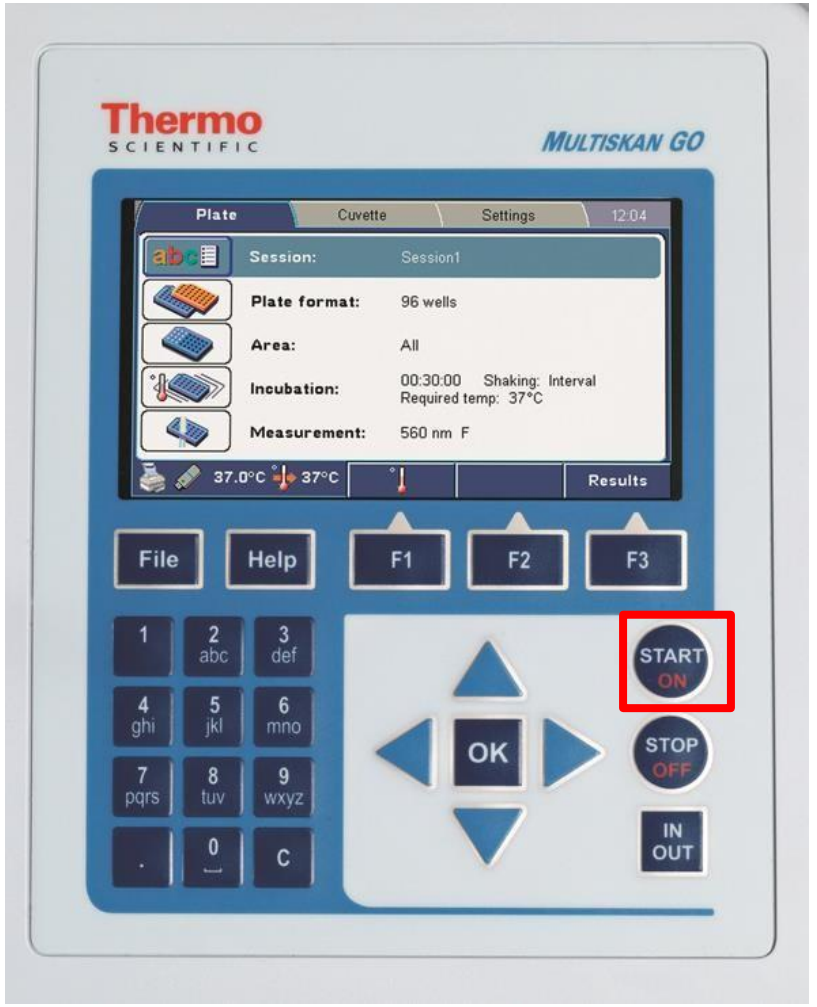

Spectrum



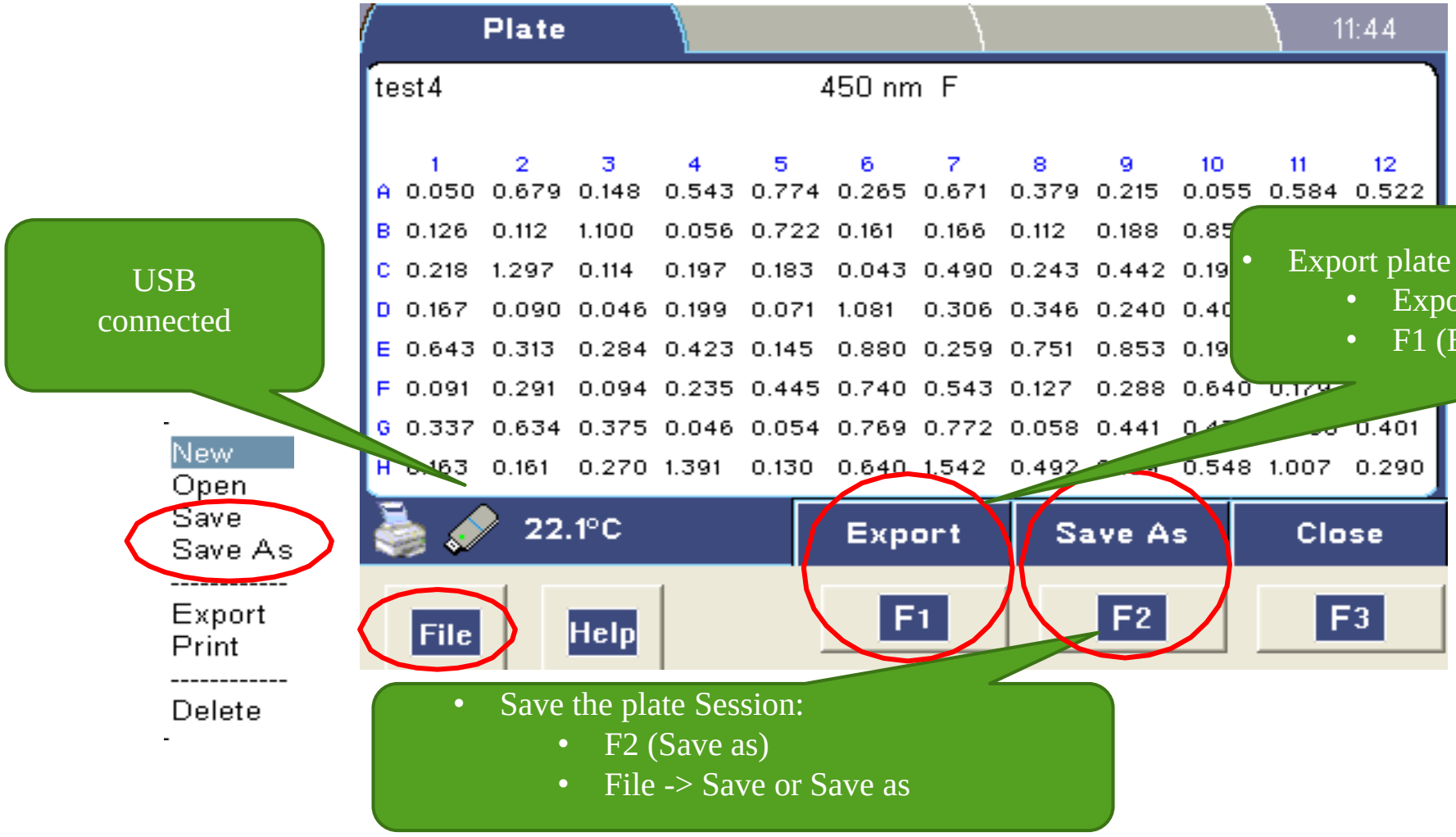
# Operation-Plate measurement

- **“START“ Measurement**



# Operation-Plate measurement

- **"Saving" Result**

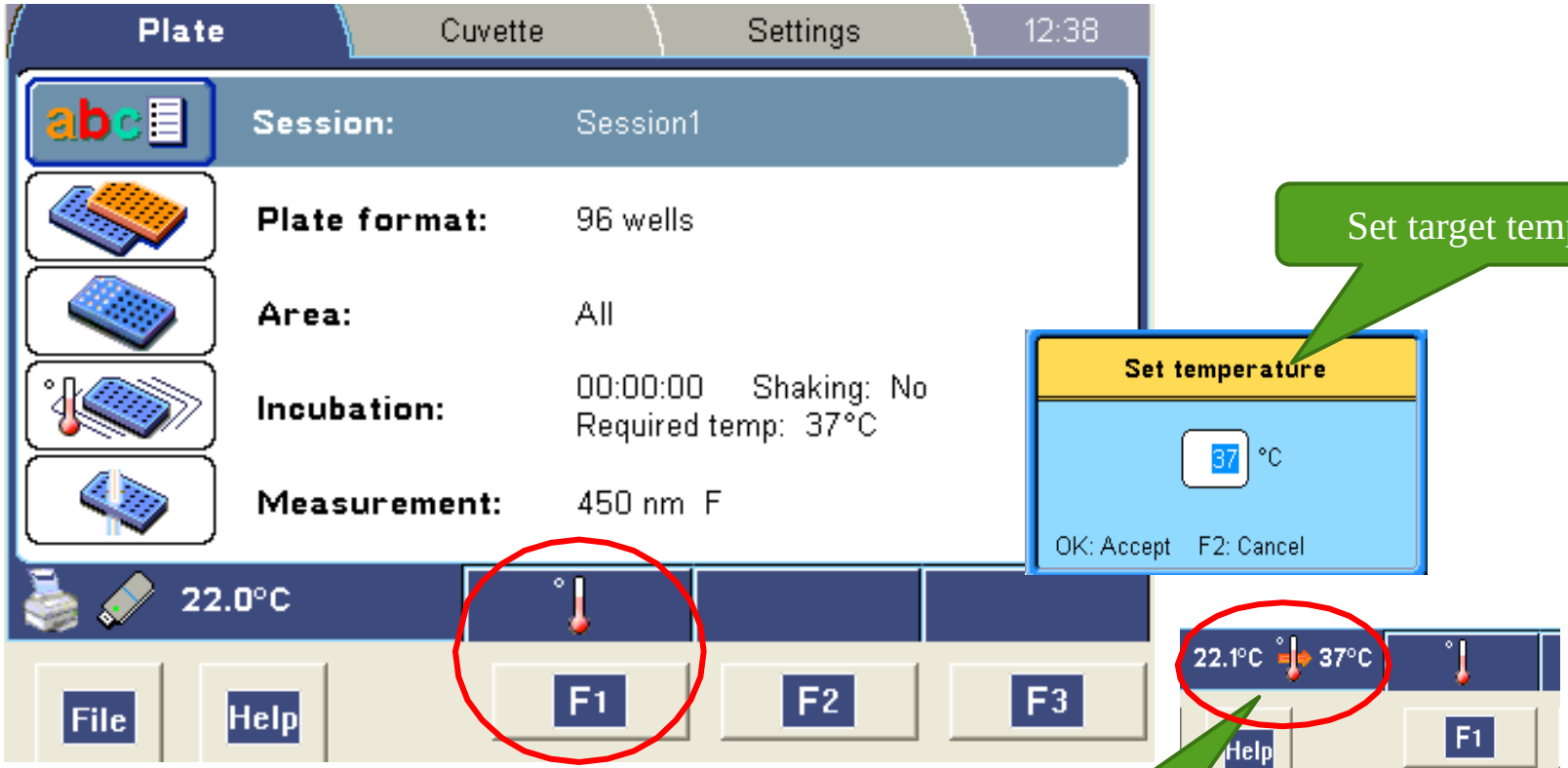




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# Operation-Incubator

- **“Incubation”**




- The incubator temperature can be controlled using F1 key

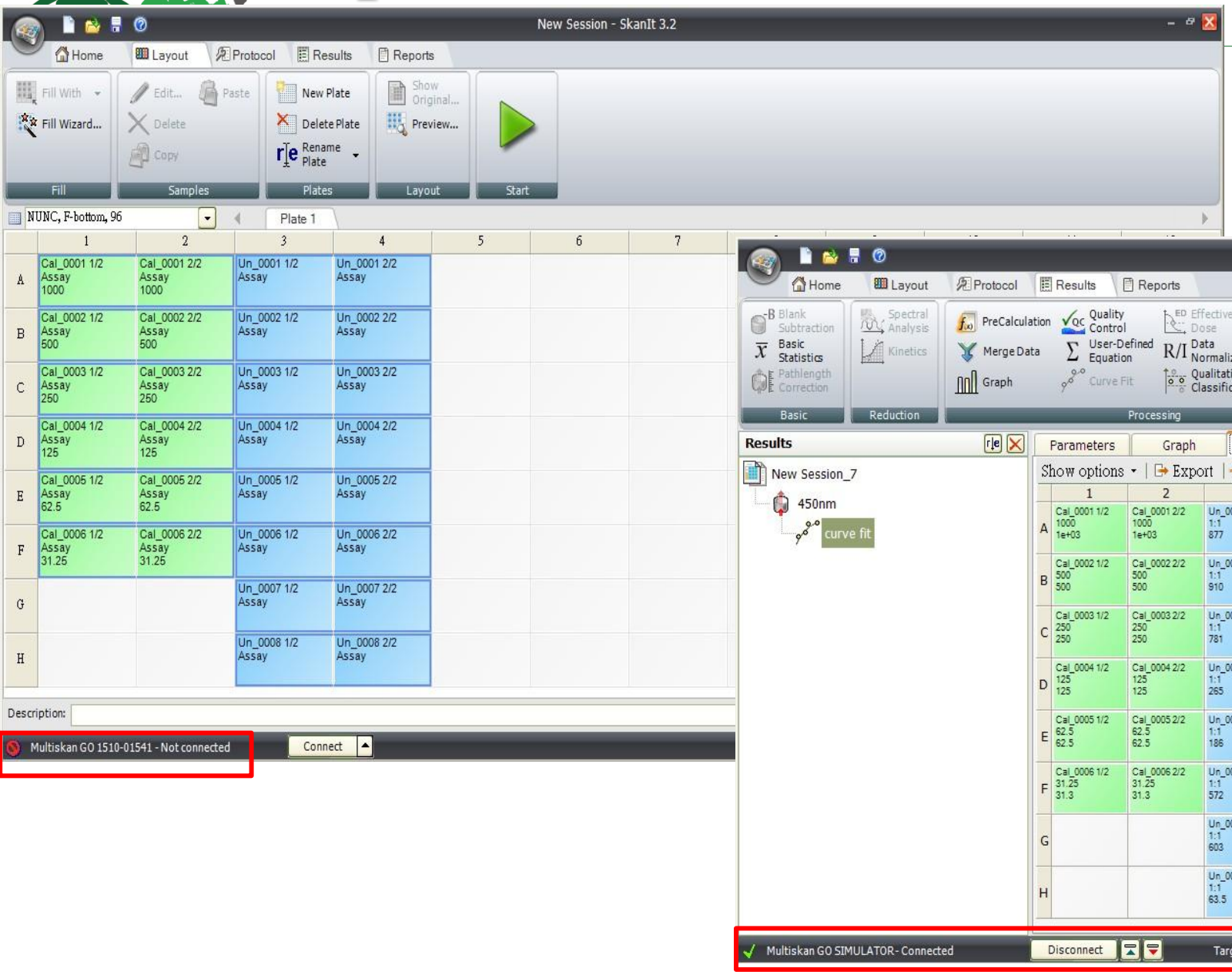
Instrument and Target temperature

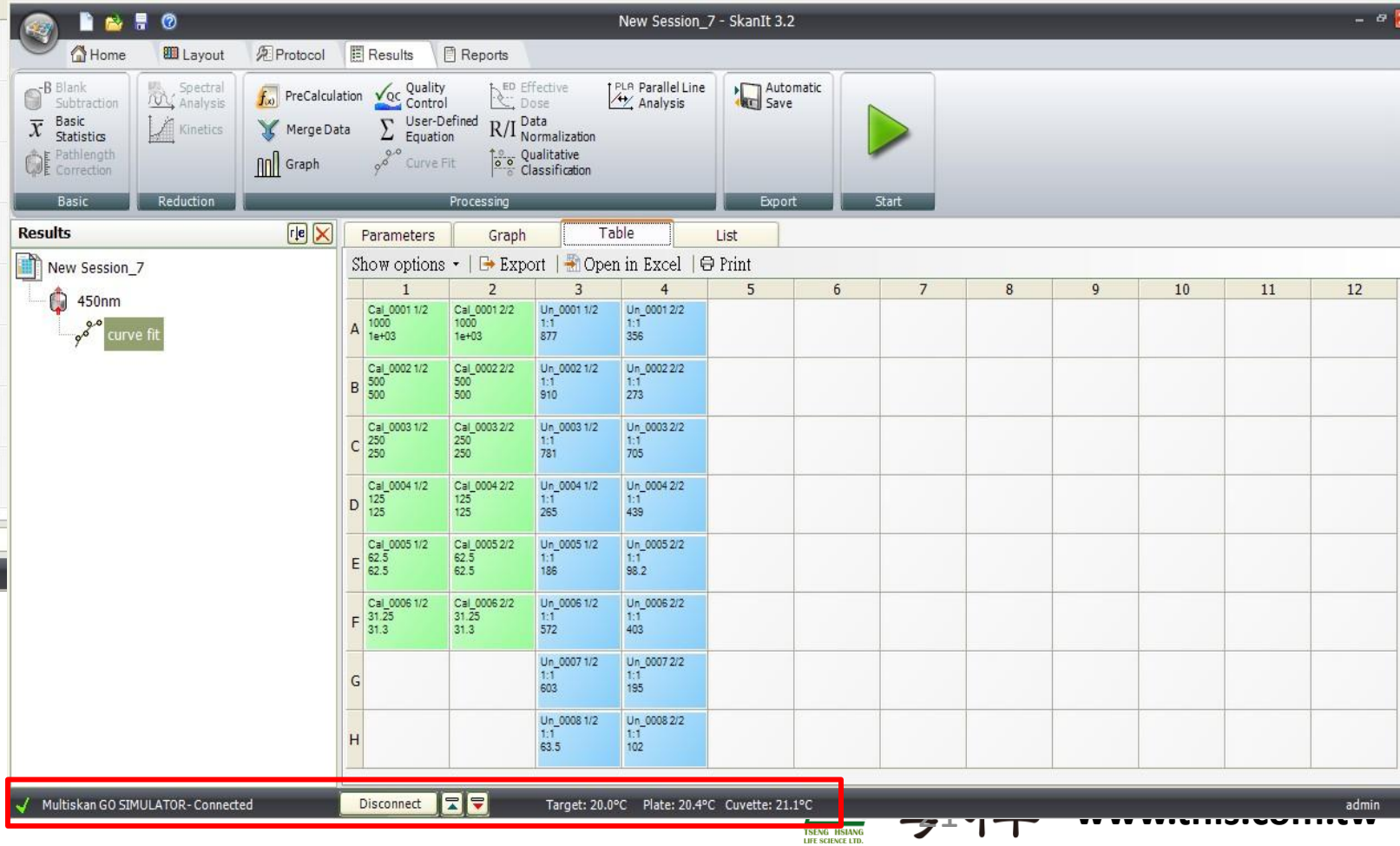


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# Operation

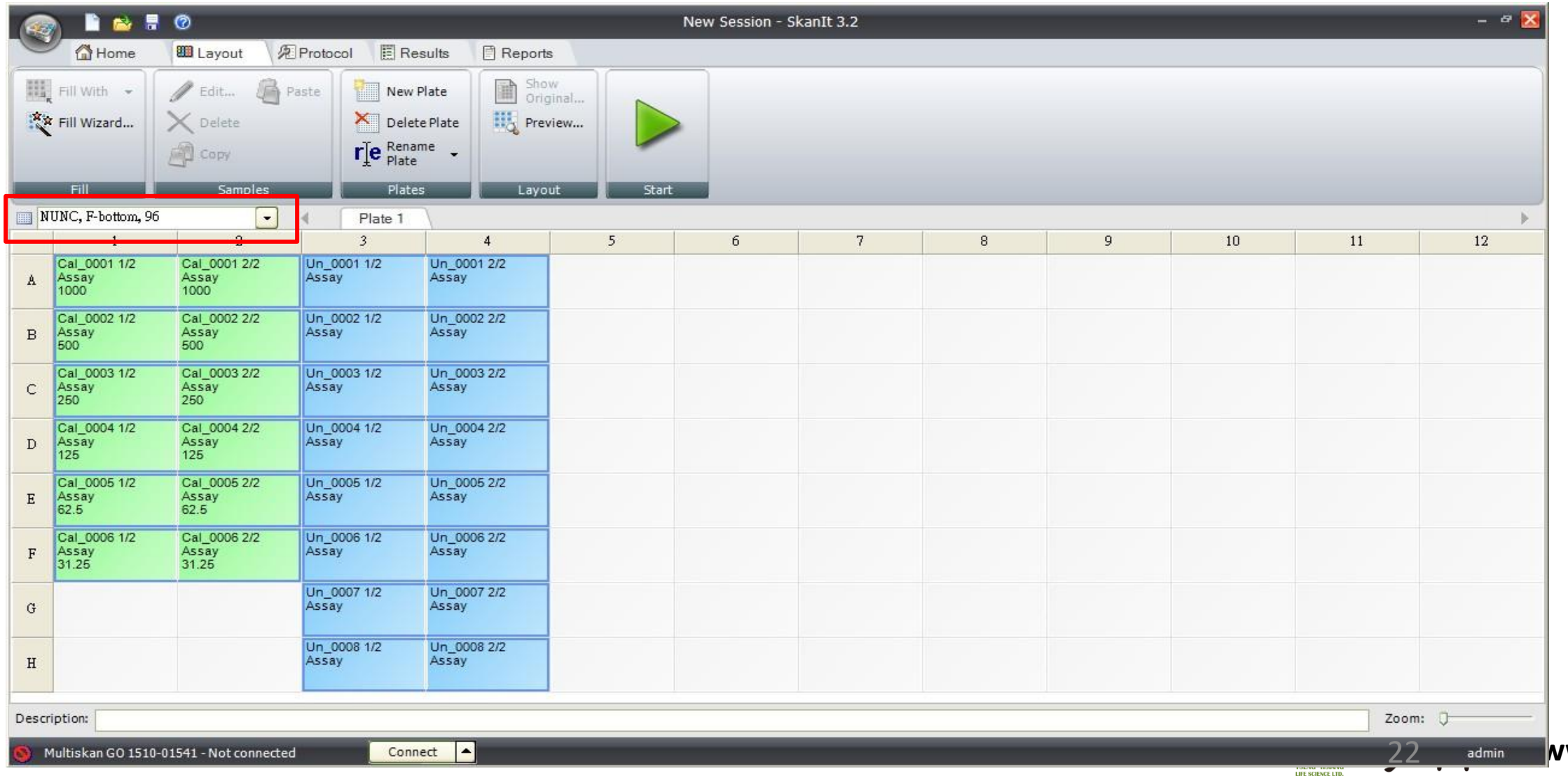
SkanIt Software



# Operation-Plate measurement

- Setting “Microplate”

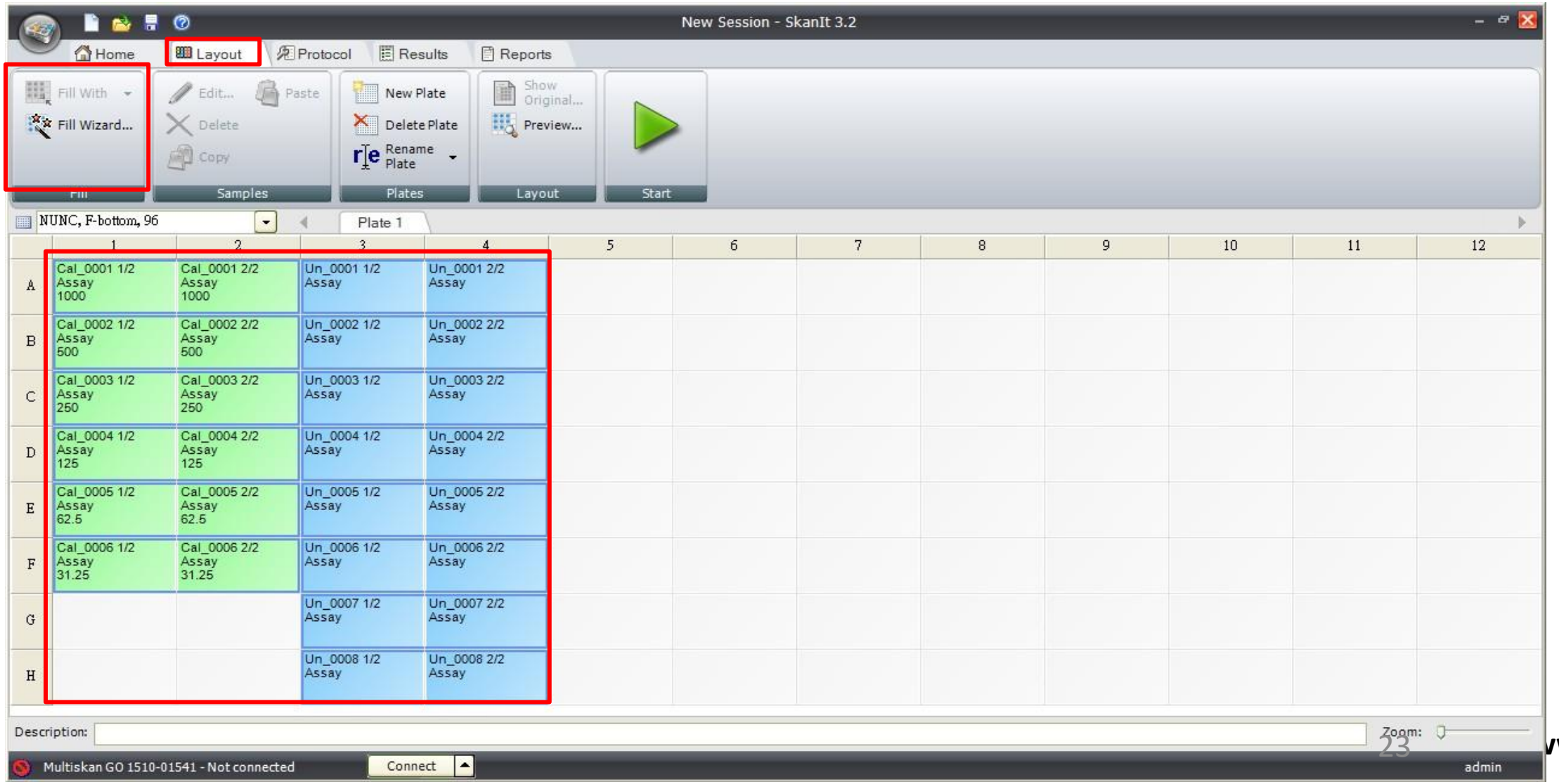



| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| A | Cal_0001 1/2 Assay 1000 | Cal_0001 2/2 Assay 1000 | Un_0001 1/2 Assay | Un_0001 2/2 Assay | | | | | | | | |
| B | Cal_0002 1/2 Assay 500 | Cal_0002 2/2 Assay 500 | Un_0002 1/2 Assay | Un_0002 2/2 Assay | | | | | | | | |
| C | Cal_0003 1/2 Assay 250 | Cal_0003 2/2 Assay 250 | Un_0003 1/2 Assay | Un_0003 2/2 Assay | | | | | | | | |
| D | Cal_0004 1/2 Assay 125 | Cal_0004 2/2 Assay 125 | Un_0004 1/2 Assay | Un_0004 2/2 Assay | | | | | | | | |
| E | Cal_0005 1/2 Assay 62.5 | Cal_0005 2/2 Assay 62.5 | Un_0005 1/2 Assay | Un_0005 2/2 Assay | | | | | | | | |
| F | Cal_0006 1/2 Assay 31.25 | Cal_0006 2/2 Assay 31.25 | Un_0006 1/2 Assay | Un_0006 2/2 Assay | | | | | | | | |
| G | | | Un_0007 1/2 Assay | Un_0007 2/2 Assay | | | | | | | | |
| H | | | Un_0008 1/2 Assay | Un_0008 2/2 Assay | | | | | | | | |


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# Operation-Plate measurement

- Setting "Layout"

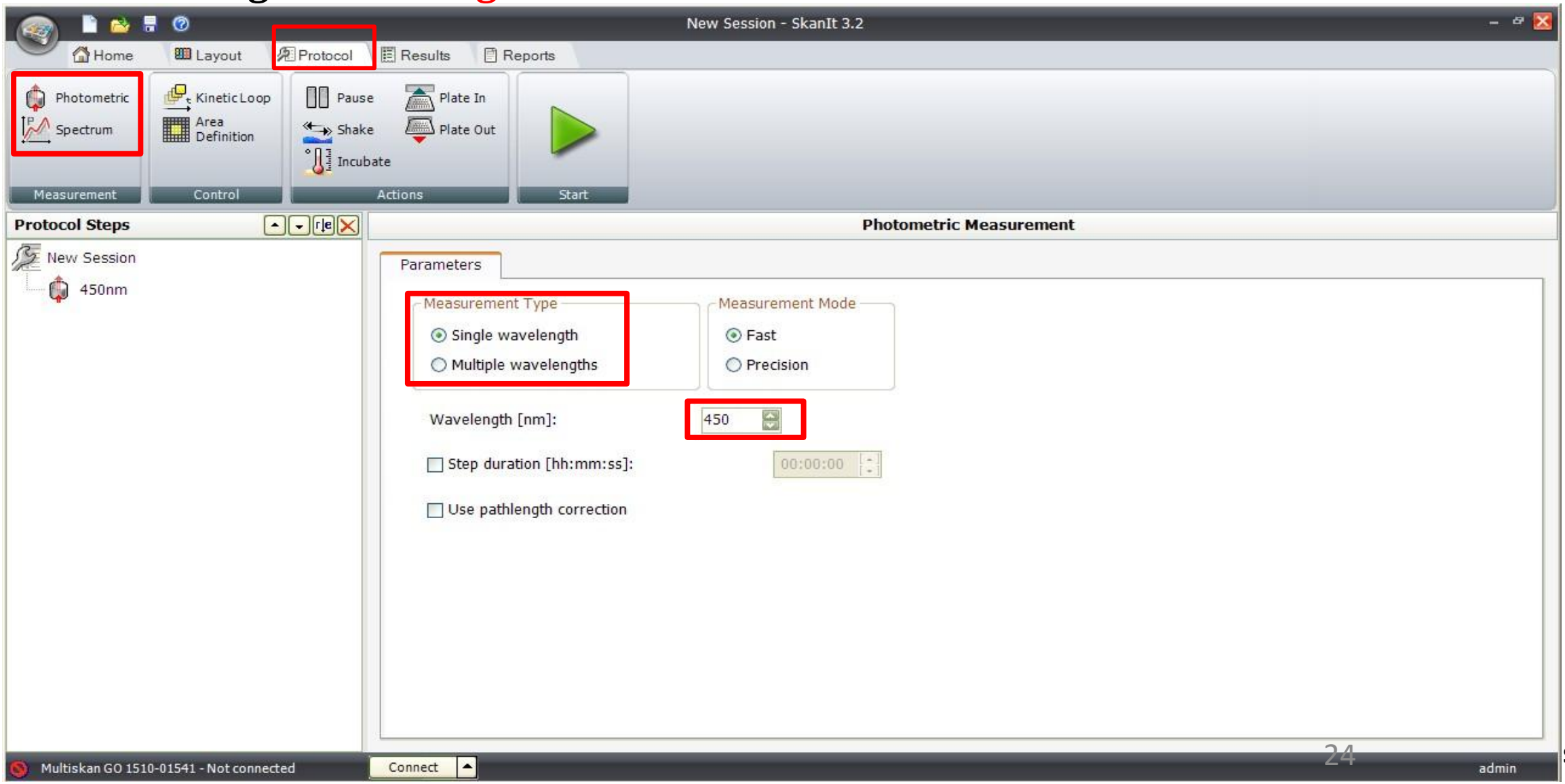




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# Operation-Plate measurement

- Setting “Wavelength"

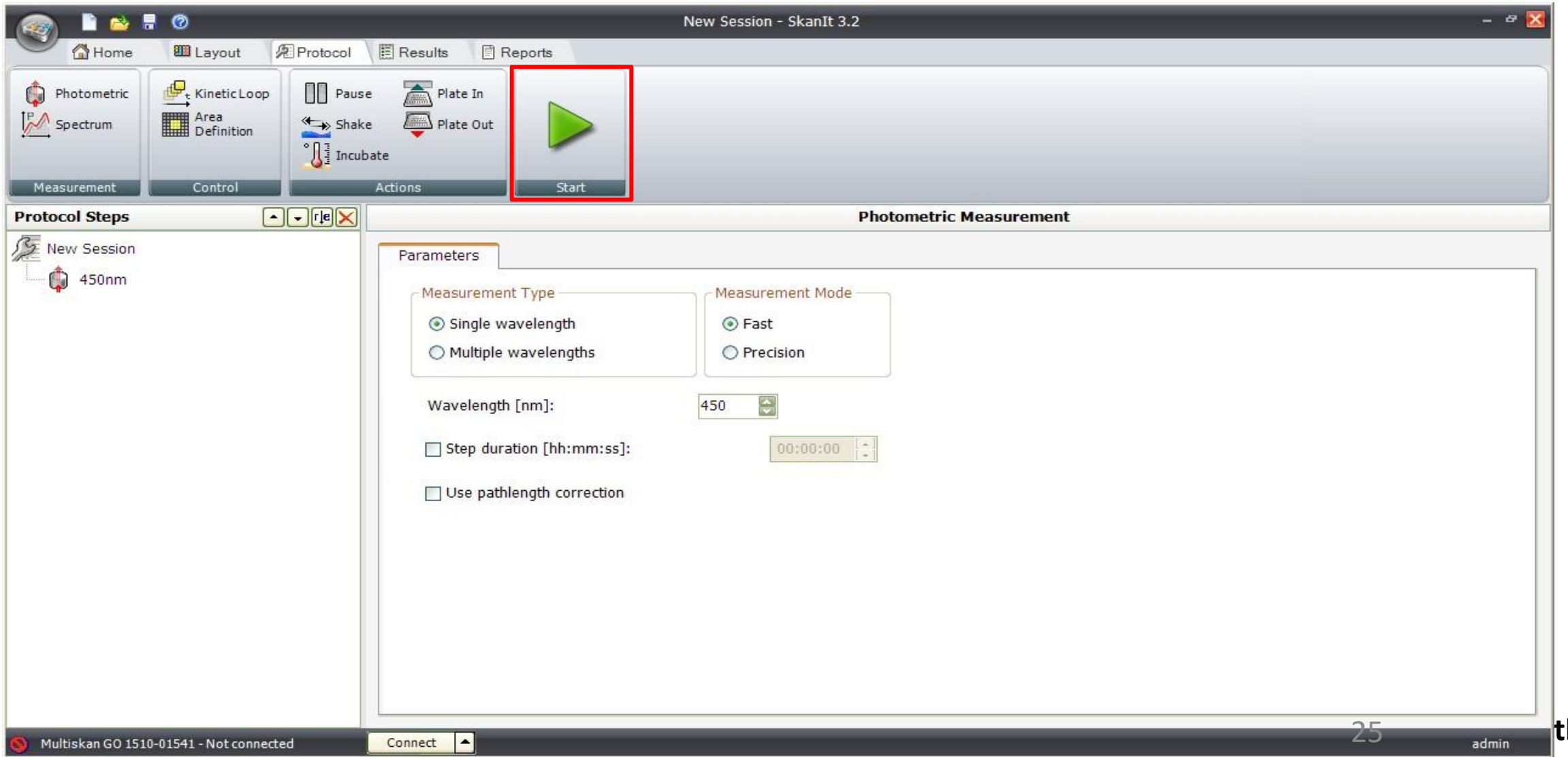





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# Operation-Plate measurement

- **“START“ Measurement**

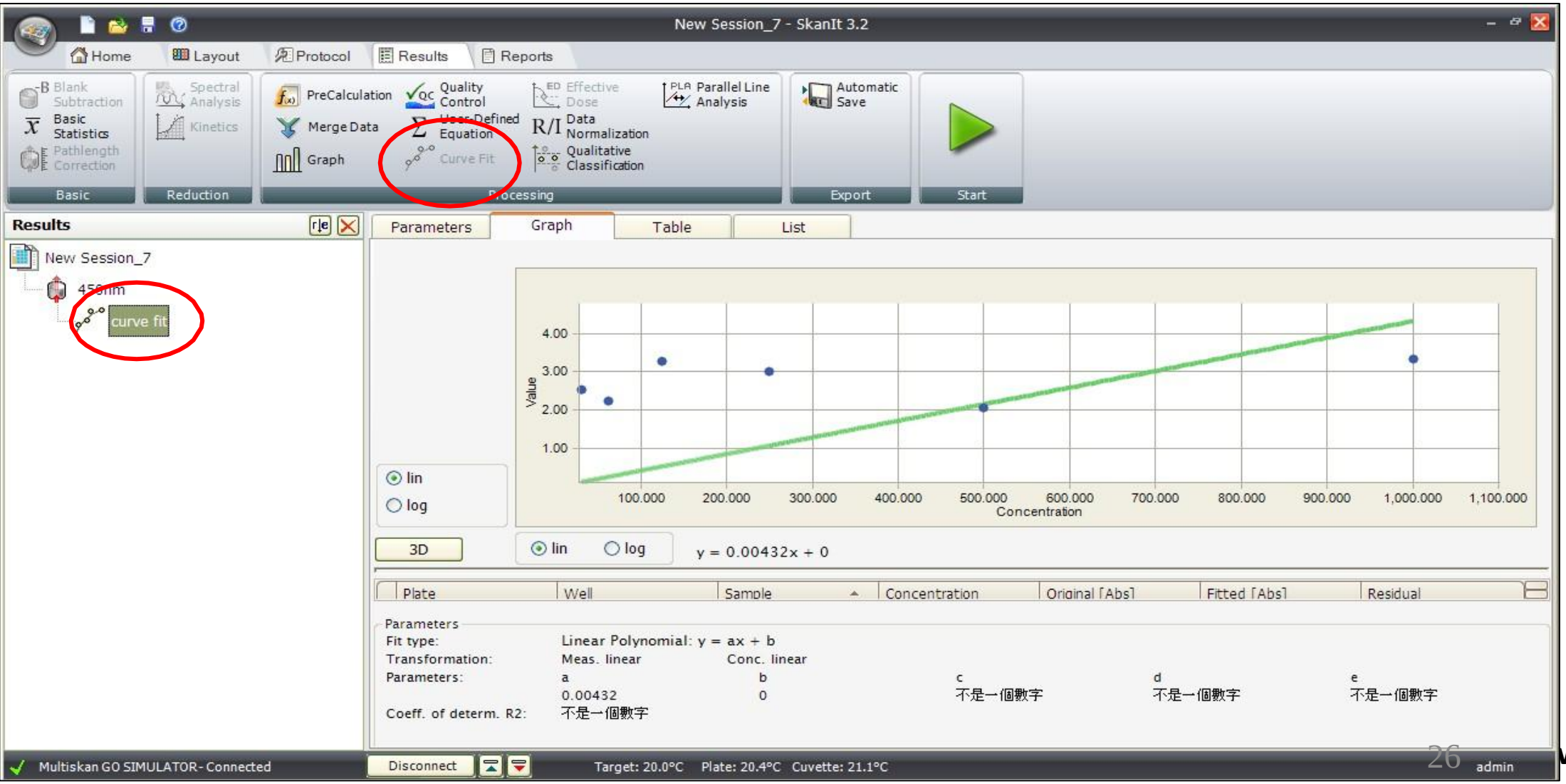





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# Operation

- Using “Curve fit” icon

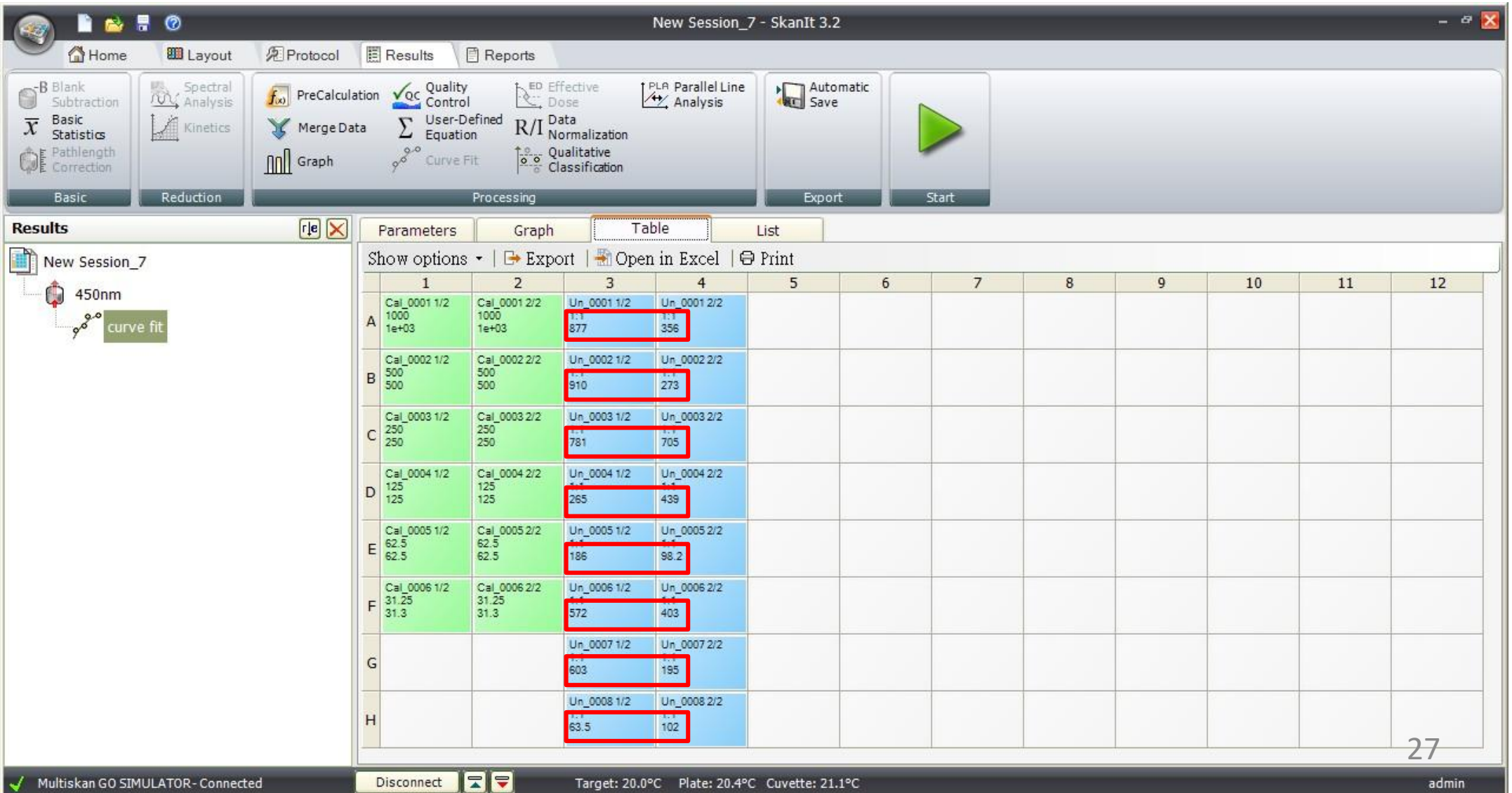





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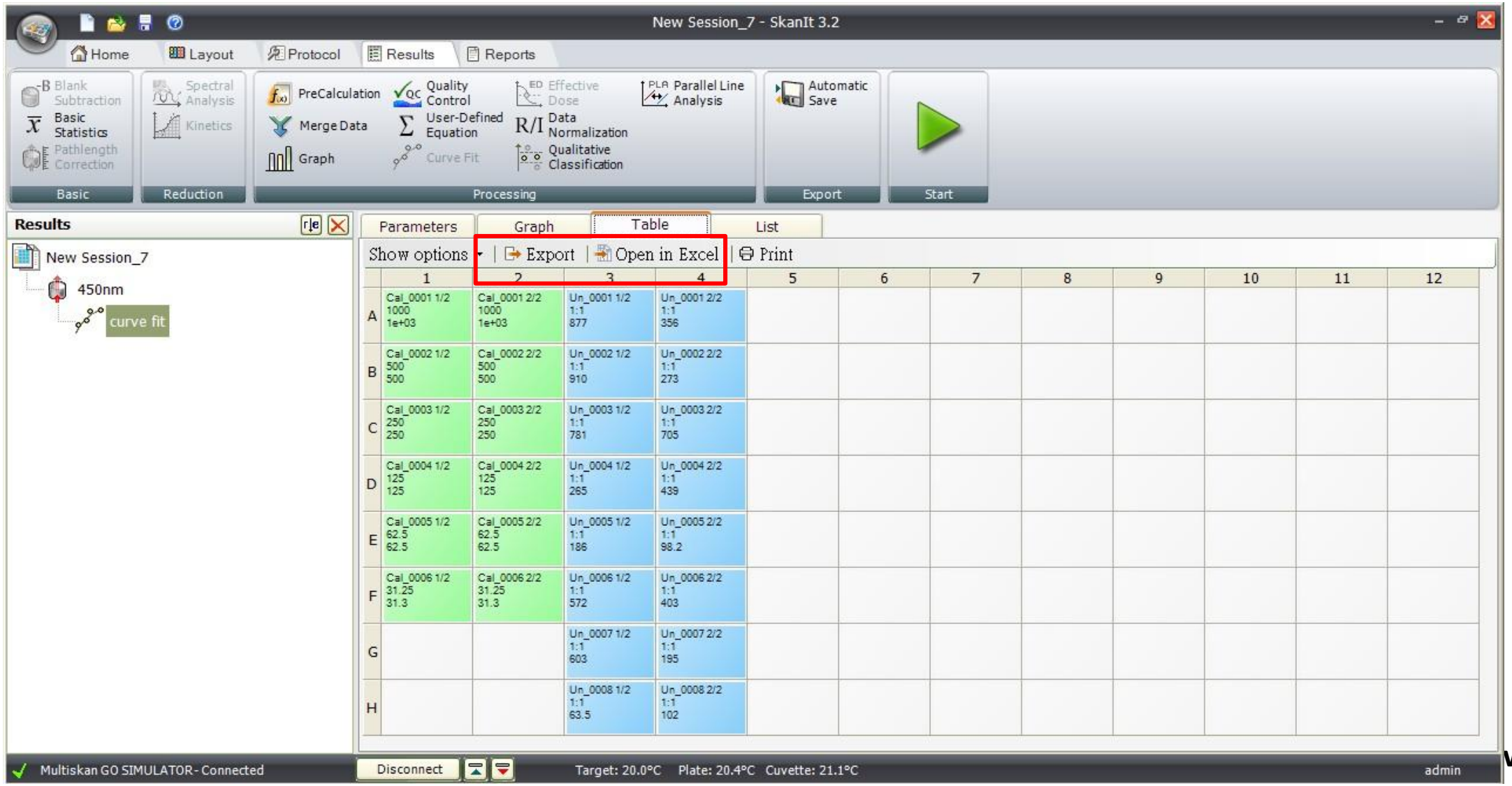
# Operation-Plate measurement

- Sample concentration will be calculate **automatically**



# Operation-Plate measurement

- **“Export“ Result**



# WIN with THLS

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